The McKean Co. Miner.

R. F. BARBOUR, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS AT SMETHPORT, PA.

Office—Miner Block, Church Street.

TERMS—$1.50 PER YEAR.

Rates of Advertising:

SPACE.	1 w.	2 w.	3 w.	6 w.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
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McKean County Miner.

R. F. BARBOUR, Editor and Publisher. DEVOTED TO HOME INTERESTS, LITERATURE, AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE. $1.50 a Year, in Advance.

VOL. XV. SMETHPORT, M'KEAN CO., PA., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1877. NO. 7.

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A Deer Captured by Girls.

A few days ago, says the Toronto (Canada) *Globe*, Rosa and Gertrude Breckenridge, daughters of Mr. W. Breckenridge, of Belmont, while in the vicinity of Long Lake, noticed a large deer madly rush into the water, evidently pursued and slightly wounded. Without a moment's hesitation the two girls procured a boat, armed themselves with clubs and set after the deer. They soon encountered the aggravated animal, when the girls courageously commenced the attack with their clubs, and after a short contest brought his deership to bay, and had him conveyed to their home—a proof of their prowess.

Christmas Carol.

And now 'tis the Christmas morning,
The grand day of the year;
The sky is heavy with snow-clouds,
The last green leaf is sere.

The little birds sit cowering
Upon the frozen bough,
And the beggar-children murmur
"'Tis winter fairly now!"

'Tis winter, pitiless winter,
The earth is barren and cold,
But the Christmas fires are burning,
And pockets are lined with gold.

For the great, good gift of blessing
That came down long ago,
When earthly rivers are frozen,
Is fullest in its flow.

Then the rich stint not in giving,
The loving stint not in love,
And earth in the Christmas season
Resembles heaven above;

So let us rejoice in the Christmas,
The season of gladsomest cheer,
And make the great blessing it bringeth
Joy-giving the whole of the year.

Miss Grey's Christmas Gift.

Miss Theodora Grey lived in a big white house on a bleak hill-top overlooking the small village of Elverton. She lived alone, with the exception of her two servants, Joanna, a middle-aged woman, and Nicodemus, a small colored boy.

Years before, Miss Grey had been young and beautiful. She had had a lover, too; but they had quarreled and parted, and since then no suitor had dared to face the pitiless flash of the cold eyes, that looked as if they had never known the softening dew of tears.

One Christmas morning, Joanna, after kindling the fires, sent Nicodemus to clear the snow from the front steps. The world was all in white that morning. The first snow of the season had fallen in the night, swiftly, silently, softly. In Miss Grey's house was no wreathing of evergreens, nor garlanding with flowers, to repeat the message of peace and good-will among men. Only Joanna had gathered some sprays of cedar and arbor-vitæ, from the stately shrubs in the front yard, and mingling with them some scarlet berries of the holly, had grouped them in one of the old vases over the parlor hearth.

Well, when Nicodemus came to clean the steps, he found a basket sitting on them, closely covered. He returned in doors and reported to Joanna.

Joanna thrust more wood into the stove, where the breakfast was cooking, and went out to investigate.

"I wonder who has brought Miss Theodora a present?" was her astonished reflection as she beheld the neat covered basket.

At that moment Miss Theodora herself opened the door of her room and looked out.

"What is it you are bringing in, Joanna?" she asked.

"I don't know, ma'am," answered Joanna. "I found it on the steps."

Miss Theodora walked up to it, and lifted the cover without ceremony. Two blinking blue eyes peeped up at her, from a nest of downy flannel and cambric.

"Lord preserve us!" she cried, retreating so suddenly as nearly to upset Joanna in the rear. Then she leaned against the wall, looking white and breathless.

Joanna ventured near enough to take a peep into the basket, when she likewise staggered back with a shriek of consternation, and the two women stood and looked at each other in dumb dismay. Nicodemus suspended operations on the doorstep, and stood with open mouth, staring into their faces.

Joanna found her voice first. "It's a baby!" she gasped, in a hushed whisper.

Miss Grey lifted her head. "Joanna," she said sternly, "were you at home all night?"

"At home? To be sure I was, ma'am!"

"Then how came this here?"

"Oh, Miss Theodora, how can I tell? It's like as if a spirit had brought it. I never slept so soundly before that something wouldn't have told me, if any human thing had come inside the gate.

"Get your bonnet and shawl, Joanna," said her mistress, "and take this child to the village poor-house."

Joanna disappeared, and Miss Grey went to the basket and looked in it again. Curiosity got the better of her, and she stopped and threw aside the blanket that envaloped the rosy bundle, and gazed curiously at the dainty embroidery that covered the infant's robes. Up came a tiny hand—a small fist full of fingers came out and grasped one of hers, and a bird-like note gurgled from the perfect mouth. She drew back half frightened; the little one opened its blue eyes wider, seeking hers with a wondering, wounded look, and burst into a low, grieved cry.

Joanna came back with her wrappings on. The little one's piteous cry went to her heart.

"Poor baby!" she murmured, stooping down and rocking the basket gently to and fro.

There was something motherly in the very touch of her hand upon the basket, and in the strangely softened tone of her voice that awoke a fierce jealousy in her companion's breast. She almost pushed her aside, as though she could not bear the sight.

"What do you know of children, Joanna?" she said; "give it to me."

Then she took up basket and all, and marched into her own room. Joanna, going back to the kitchen and to her cooking, heard her telling Nicodemus to put more wood on the fire. Presently she came into the kitchen, got some milk from the cupboard and warmed it in a cup on the stove, saying never a word; and after a little, Nicodemus brought the cup back from the room, empty.

When Miss Grey was called to breakfast, she came out looking as serene as could be. She left Nicodemus in the room with the baby during her absence.

During the morning Joanna contrived an errand into the sitting room, and found her mistress busily working on a small garment of delicate texture, while the infant lay soundly sleeping in its strange cradle—the basket.

"Joanna," said Miss Grey, "I have named this child Emily Grey, after my mother."

"It's a girl, then," said Joanna.

"Certainly. Did you suppose I wanted to raise up a boy to break my heart in my old age?"

"No, ma'am."

"Bring me a Bible, and pen and ink."

Joanna lifted the heavy, richly-bound volume from its cushion on the table, and carried it to her, then brought pen and ink from a small writing-desk by the window. Miss Grey turned to the Family Record, and under the head of "Births," wrote on the clean page in a fair, clerkly hand:

"Emily Grey, December 25th, 18—."

All that morning, while the bells called the people to worship in the little white church under the hill, and the choir sang the Christmas anthems, Miss Theodora sat and wrought patiently on a slip for little Emily. Peter Brook came over to eat his Christmas dinner as usual—the only Christmas hospitality she ever dispensed—and received orders to bring up a neat crib from the village.

"So she's going to keep the little one," observed he to Joanna. "Curious creatures these women are."

"It's a blessed mercy there are women in the world," retorted Joanna. "I dare say you'd have sent it to the poor-house or the 'sylum."

"That's the place for 'em," returned Peter.

"Get out, you hard-hearted brute. It's my opinion that baby came straight from heaven. I can't believe any human being brought it here, and me never to know it."

"Pshaw! that shows how much you know."

In naming the child, Miss Theodora totally ignored the fact that certain articles of its wardrobe—which was of the finest material—were marked with the letters "L. W." What these letters signified was no concern of hers, apparently.

The little white-draped crib stood always in Miss Grey's room, close by her own bed. There little Emily lived, watched and tended by a love that never grew weary.

And how the little one grew! It seemed but a very little while ere the old house, so grim and austere in its former state, grew musical with laughter and patter of little feet, and sunny with a winsome presence of white robes and golden curls and rosy cheeks.

Christmas was kept as Emily's birthday. On the first of these anniversaries, Peter Brook brought up from the village a pretty little baby carriage. He and Joanna, at daggers' points usually, had united their funds and bought the thing at an auction. Nicodemus was harnessed in, and Miss Emily—the weather being mild—took that day her first airing in it, making the tour of the grounds around the house, with Miss Theodora, Joanna and Peter following in procession behind. Afterward Nicodemus and the carriage with its pretty occupant, often accompanied Joanna on her marketing expeditions to the village, where everyone soon knew "the little Grey." It was when returning from one of these expeditions, in the dusk of an autumn evening, when little Emily was nearly two years old, that they encountered a stranger just outside the village—a sunburned, wayworn woman, dressed in faded black, and on foot. She was hurrying by, as if wishing to escape observation, when a glance at the occupant of the little carriage seemed to root her to the spot.

"Good evening, ma'am," said Joanna, civilly, seeing her stop, and supposing that she might wish to inquire for some shelter for the night.

Her salutation was returned in a slightly broken accent, but the stranger making no further speech, Joanna hurried on with her charge, leaving her standing on the road. They reached home, where Miss Grey, giving Joanna a reprimand for keeping Emily out so late, took the child, gave her her supper of bread and milk in her own room, and put her to bed.

It was now quite dark; but Nicodemus came into the kitchen saying,

"Dar's a 'oman at de gate."

Joanna went to see. The full moon had just risen over the tall eastward hills, and by its light she saw, standing by the gate, the same strange-looking woman whom she had met near the village.

"What do you want?" she asked sharply.

"I want to stay in a house all night."

"Then, why don't you go to the village?"

"They won't take me—I have no money."

Joanna surveyed the forlorn figure in perplexed silence.

"Can't you give me a corner where I can rest?" asked the stranger, piteously. "I will not trouble you for anything, except a floor to sleep on."

"My mistress never lodges strangers," said Joanna, "but come into the kitchen—I'll see what I can do."

By the exercise of some diplomacy in behalf of the "tramp," as Miss Grey styled the traveler, Joanna succeeded in gaining permission for her to sleep on a pallet in the kitchen.

"Give her some supper, Joanna," added the mistress. "No doubt she is half starved."

After the "tramp" had had her supper, and Joanna had prepared her bed on the floor, she stood up by the fire, and looking Joanna in the face with her large, black eyes, said suddenly:

"Whose child is it you had with you?"

"My mistress' child."

"Not her own child?"

"No;" and Joanna shut her lips tightly, as if to prevent the escape of further information.

"Do you know whose child she is?"

"No."

"Did you find her at your door, one Christmas morning?"

Joanna nodded, looking up in surprise and beginning to tremble with strange agitation.

"Then I can tell you whose child she is."

"We don't want to know," said Joanna, shortly.

"But I *will* tell you, for you should know that she is of honest birth."

Joanna folded her arms, and stood waiting.

"Two years ago," said the woman, "I came to America with my mistress, who was then a young bride, having married an American gentleman. She was French, and so was I, but we had been living in England since her parents died, when she was a child. My mistress was at school, educating herself for a governess; but her health gave way, and she was obliged to give up her studies. She had no relatives, and she was quite poor, for she was sent to school by an old lady who had taken a fancy to her, and had died leaving her a sum to educate herself with. Well, the gentleman had become acquainted with her case, and he took care of her, and married her in a few weeks after she left school. We came to this country about a year afterward. We lived at a boarding-house in New York. Soon after we came over, the gentleman was obliged to return to England to secure some property which belonged to him there. He was to be back as soon as the trip could be made.

"Well, mistress waited as well as she could, poor thing. She was quite alone but for me. When the time he had set for his return passed by, and he did not come, she became quite ill. I don't know how long we waited—it seemed like months, and she grew worse all the time, till her baby was born. Then she got another letter from her husband. He had been delayed by business, but would come in the next steamer, without fail.

"She was getting stronger fast, and was looking for him hourly, when news came that the vessel was lost at sea, and his name was not among the few that were saved. She only lived two days. She begged me to take care of her baby, and died in my arms.

"I had a cousin living in Pennsylvania; I had her address with me. I took the child and what money my mistress had left, and went to the place; but she had 'moved West,' the people said.

"I was a stranger, and nobody would employ me. I started on foot to the seaport; for I thought if I could only get back to my own country, I could live and keep the child. I had still enough money left me to pay my passage across. But I was obliged to spend some of it, and by the time I reached this village I was so tired and discouraged that I was ready for almost anything.

"I passed this house in the afternoon of that dreary Christmas eve, and it looked so quiet and peaceful that I thought, 'What a good shelter it might be for the poor homeless baby!' After I had passed down the hill and left the village away on my right, I looked back and saw the white house still looking down on me from the hill, and it seemed to draw me back. I walked on till night, but found no place to stay, and then I made up my mind to come back.

"I reached the foot of the hill a little after midnight, and walked back and forth with the baby in my arms to keep warm, until near daylight. It soon began to snow, but I wrapped the baby so snugly in its blankets that it kept warm all the while in its little basket where I put it, with a few things that I intended leaving with it. After I had placed it on the steps, I hid in the grove of oaks outside the gate, until I saw the smoke curling from your chimney. Then I crept away, and, leaving the village road, kept in the by-ways until I got some distance into the country. I met some people moving into another State, and they let me go with them."

"And where are you going now?" asked Joanna, looking in her face.

"I am going back to my own kindred, if I can live to reach them. I have a little money, you see, but it is to take me across the ocean."

"What was the name of the child's father?"

"His name was Philip Westmore."

"That man!" gasped Joanna. "What have you done, woman?"

The tramp woman shrank from Joanna's fierce eyes. "What have I done?" she repeated vaguely.

"There isn't a living soul," said Joanna, "who dares to breathe that name to my mistress. And now —— Hush!"

"Joanna!" called her mistress, imperatively.

Obeying the summons, she found Miss Grey sitting by the fire with little Emily in her lap. The hoarse, peculiar cough, never heard by nurse or mother without a thrill of alarm, told that croup had seized its victim.

"Run for Dr. Vincent," said Miss Grey, briefly; and in another minute Joanna had thrown a shawl on her head and was tramping through the star-lit night.

Dr. Vincent was not in his office. He had been called to a patient several miles away. Joanna's visit had caused a little stir in the village hotel, in an upper room of which the doctor had his office; and as she was turning away from the door, a gentleman came out and said, in a pleasant, courteous tone:

"If you are in want of a physician, perhaps I can be of service to you."

"Come on then, if you please," said Joanna.

He put on his hat, said a few words to the landlord, and started in the wake of the woman, who walked at an astonishing pace.

"Who is your mistress?" he asked.

"Miss Grey, sir."

"Ah, indeed!" with which exclamation, whatever it might mean, the stranger relapsed into a silence that was not broken until they reached the house.

Joanna opened the door of the sitting room, and stood aside for him to pass.

"Walk in, sir," said she. And he walked into the full glow of the fire-light, and saw the woman sitting by the hearth, with the child on her knee. It was sound asleep now. Miss Grey had administered a quantity of alum and sugar, which "acted like a charm," and little Emily slumbered peacefully on the bosom which had grown more soft and womanly since the baby head had nestled there.

"The tramp-woman" stood behind Miss Grey's chair. As the tall figure in the doorway stepped into the light, there came a cry of surprise and terror from the strange woman, and a smothered gasping sound from Miss Grey. And then, for the first time in her life, Joanna thought her mistress was going to faint, she looked so white and stricken, all at once.

"Miss Grey," said the stranger, in a voice that trembled perceptibly, "perhaps you recall my name? I was told that you needed a doctor, and as Dr. Vincent was absent, I came to offer my services. But I was not aware at the time that I was about to intrude upon you, madam."

Miss Grey lifted her head. "I thank you!" she said, trying to speak in the regal tone that was her own—"I believe the danger is past, and I can happily dispense with your services."

She did not ask him to be seated, and he still stood with hat in hand, looking upon her with an expression half proud, half pleading. She drew the child to her breast with a gesture that said, as plainly as though her lips had spoken it—"You shall not touch her."

The tramp-woman came forward a step or two, looking from one to the other, and spoke, as though the words came without any volition of hers:

"The child is his, lady."

The stranger looked at her in a kind of stupor of surprise, that gave way in a moment to eager excitement.

"Martha Elson!" he ejaculated quickly; but before he could utter anything more, Miss Grey had risen to her feet, and stood before them with flashing eyes.

"What did you say, woman?" she cried fiercely.

"This is his baby, ma'am," answered Martha, who had grown calmer; and turning to him, she added: "I can prove it to you, Dr. Westmore. This is the child that my young mistress gave to me when she died."

"Tell me the whole story, Martha," he said brokenly. "God knows I have sought you far and wide, but never thought to find you here to-night."

She told him then. Miss Grey had sunk into her seat again, and Joanna, striding across the room, stood at the back of her mistress' chair. Dr. Westmore stood with folded arms to listen, his face growing paler, and indescribably tender and mournful as she proceeded. The little Emily lay still like a fair carved cherub, her golden hair falling in a shining silken mesh over Miss Grey's somber dress. Her foster-mother gazed steadfastly upon the beautiful face, and her lips trembled.

When the woman had ended her story, Dr. Westmore came nearer and looked down upon the bowed head.

"Theodora," he said, "will you let me look at my child?"

She lifted her face, and the proud eyes fell before his mournful gaze.

"Are you going to take her from me?" she faltered.

"No."

"Sit down."

He took the chair on the opposite side of the hearth. She rose, crossed the floor, and laid the child in his arms; then turned to Joanna with a feeble, uncertain motion, and let the strong, faithful creature lead her from the room.

They left the father alone with his child for a while, and when he left the house to return to the village, it was understood that he should return in the morning.

When he was gone, Miss Grey laid the still sleeping child in her bed; then going to a chest of drawers in one corner of the room, she took out garment after garment of dainty size and workmanship, letting the long-locked tears fall upon them as she unfolded them. They were her baby's clothes.

At length she came to the long, fine, French slip of spotless white, which had clothed its dainty limbs when first she looked upon it; the robe which its young, broken-hearted mother had wrought upon with such loving care and patience. This, with a few other things found in the basket with it, she laid aside to give to the baby's father.

He came in the morning when the roses were bright on little Emily's cheeks, and looked for the first time into the blue eyes that were to him a perfect copy of the soft violet eyes of his innocent "child bride." And almost unconsciously he found himself speaking to Theodora tenderly and reverently of that gentle child, who, though she never won the best love of his manhood, had found in him a tender and faithful protector and friend.

And somehow, in speaking to her of his past, he uncovered from the rubbish of by-gone memories the key to a miserable labyrinth of misunderstandings which had swallowed up their early love and hopes; and the veil fell from their eyes, and they saw each other's hearts as they had been in the first glow of their youthful affection.

And so the quarrel that had been for so long was no more, but had vanished like a troubled dream. After this Miss Grey melted and softened into a real woman; such a woman as Philip Westmore and his little Lily—or Emily, as he still called her—had cause to thank God for, ever after. And Joanna and the tramp-woman lived together in harmony, happy in serving the mistress and little Emily.—*Demorest.*

A Female Hermit.

A wood teamster named McCausland, who was hauling wood in the mountains about twenty miles northeast of this city, says the Virginia (Nev.) *Chronicle*, saw a woman riding astride of a goat on the side of a mountain. She seemed quite at ease on her improvised courser, and was riding along at a fast gait, but as soon as she saw she was observed she jumped off the goat and ran out of sight on the further side of the mountain, nanny following in her tracks. The teamster is at a loss to account for the presence of the woman in that neighborhood, as he is sure that there are no families residing there. It was probably "Old Mother Dildino," an eccentric woman who has kept a goat and sheep ranch for the past twelve or fifteen years on the eastern edge of Twenty-one mile Desert, and whose peculiarities are well known to the residents in that part of the Carson valley. She lives alone in a small cabin, with her goats, sheep and fowls for her only companions, invariably avoiding all intercourse with white people as long as she can. When her stock of the necessaries of life is exhausted, she visits the town of Sutro and Dayton to sell a few dozen of eggs and chickens, with the product of which she replenishes her store. She is quite sociable to the Indians, who wander in that direction, and treats them kindly always, but especially when they are ill. At such times she prepares from mountain plants, with whose properties she is well acquainted, beverages that the Piutes believe to be all-potential in restoring them to health. Her nearest white neighbor lives probably fifteen miles away, but she not only does not regret her isolation, but she rather likes it, and the chances are that she rather likes it, and the chances are that she prefers her mode of life in her wretched hovel to a residence on Comstock row, or in a more civilized vicinage. She is said to be the wife of Samuel Z. Dildine, surveyor of Lyon county, from whom she has lived apart for years.

Celebrating the Japanese Emperor's Birthday.

A correspondent of the New York *Evening Post* writes from Japan in regard to the birthday of his majesty Mutsuhito, the emperor: In the capital the morning was devoted to a splendid review of the victorious army by the emperor, and the evening to a brilliant gathering held at the seaside palace O-Hamogoten, under the auspices of the minister of foreign affairs, H. E. Mr. Terashima. The exhibition was opened to the public free of charge, and one of the imperial bands detailed to furnish music there for the delectation of the crowd. Flags of the rising sun and floral decorations were universal, and the town wore a holiday aspect. In Yokohama an extraordinary observance of the day was held. All the men-of-war were dressed, and a salute fired at noon. At dusk the Japanese men-of-war were elaborately illuminated and began a discharge of fireworks that continued till late in the evening. But the most astonishing of all were the day fireworks set off from public gardens. Bombs are discharged high into the air, a thousand or fifteen hundred feet at least, when they burst with a loud report and assume the most delicate and lovely forms imaginable. Usually the color is that of a fleecy cloud; but sometimes purple, red, yellow and even blue tints are introduced with charming effect. The programme included ninety-two pieces, of which about a third were thus let off in broad daylight. We had in these airy shapes weeping willows, imperial flags, fishes, a stream of silver threads, chrysanthemums, dragons pursuing balls, various animals, a flight of white heron, a shower of maple leaves, Chinese tiger, and finally a very curious and pretty shower of umbrellas, which, released with a puff and a bang, fluttered down in a more or less steady parachute motion to the ground and the eager urchins upon it. The evening fireworks had greater brilliancy, of course, and were often exquisitely beautiful, but did not create that astonishment and pleasure caused by the afternoon display.

Force of Habit.

Detroit is well provided with elegantly upholstered hacks and omnibuses, hence when Albert DeMay put in an appearance with a cozy, comfortable *coupe* many were the predictions that he would not make a living. Albert had provided as the motive power for his *coupe* "Jack," a horse for many years in service for the Detroit fire department, with a record for fast going. Friday evening DeMay was perched upon the boot of his vehicle, waiting for a job, when a fire alarm sounded, and immediately "Jack's" ears were elevated. He did not stir, however, until engine No. 1 went by hissing and with many a rattle, when he jumped suddenly and falling in behind the engine followed—despite the efforts of the driver—to the fire, and reaching the nearest hydrant backed the *coupe* to the curb in fine style. DeMay is looking for another equine.—*Free Press.*

The largest plow ever manufactured has just been made at Stockton, Cal. It is designed for work in the tules, and cuts a furrow thirty-five inches wide. The mould board is eight feet long from the point to the end. The plow will be attached to a sulky, and will require a team of twelve stout animals to pull it.

Items of Interest.

Woe to the inexperienced little fish who goes out to enjoy himself on his own hook!

The London *Times* has sent, in all, thirty-seven correspondents to report the Eastern war.

Within ten years no less than twelve million acres of forest have been cut down or burned over in the United States.

Honor tells you not to hit a man when he's down, and discretion warns you against hitting him when he isn't down.—*St. Louis Journal.*

"Constant Reader" wants to know if the poem was declined "because it was too long." No, it was because it was too thin.—*Dexter Smith's.*

A Maryland bride, 40 years old, went off in a spasm just as the important words were to be spoken, and was taken from the church to the Insane Asylum, a raving maniac.

A singular case of petrifaction is told by an engineer on the Union Pacific. The principal cross-ties, which have been laid for several years, are nearly all petrified, the number of miles being estimated at one hundred. So solid are the cross-ties that it is impossible to draw the spikes from them.

The Chicago *Times*, alluding to the editor of a rival paper whom it charges with five distinct lies, says: "He is a lying quinqueviri; or a quinquarticular, quinquangular, quinquefarious, quinqueliteral, quinquefoliated, quinquelobated, quinquevalvular, quinquepartite and quinquelocular liar."

LITTLE SINS.

A little theft, a small deceit,
Too often leads to more;
'Tis hard at first, but tempts the feet
As through an open door.
Just as the broadest rivers run
From small and distant springs:
The greatest crimes that men have done
Have grown from little things.

A little daughter of Robert Gordon, of Norristown, Pa., had a citron seed taken from her windpipe by a professor of Baltimore. He cut a small slit in her throat, and in this way worked the seed out, which was found to be sprouted. It had been there about three days, and in a short time would have caused the child's death. After the operation the child appeared as well as usual.

Scenes During the Potomac Flood.

The Washington *Star* has this account of the recent rise in the Potomac at the National Capital: From the Virginia side to look up the Potomac was like looking up the rapids at Niagara Falls, except that here the water was almost solid with mud, and was loaded with timber hewn and rough, and pumpkins and other farm products. Wrecks of bridges and houses were rapidly driven on the boiling flood. As the angry waters struck the piers of the bridge they were forced up almost to the quivering timbers, and then started again on their rapid race for the sea. Looking down the river the water was dashed and tossed into the shape of ocean breakers. Behind the piers it boiled and bubbled like the contents of some infernal cauldron, with a roar equal to that of a tornado. Great trees and hewn timbers coming down stream would sometimes strike the piers and be whirled into the air against the bridge. In one case a tree trunk about sixty feet long and almost two feet in diameter was swept crosswise against the pier, and in an instant was broken into three parts and swept away in the mighty current.

Among the debris were hundreds of yellow pumpkins sweet from off the cornfields on the bottom lands many miles above, and the scramble for them was lively, some of the skiffs coming in loaded with them. Men, women and boys could be seen going home with a large pumpkin under each arm, and rows of them lined the bridge and shore. The damage to crops on the river farms must have been considerable, judging from the vast quantities of hay, corn and fodder that were afloat.

During the night several canal boats came down, it is thought, from Georgetown, and went to pieces against the Long Bridge. A small dwelling house came down about two o'clock, and striking near the north draw shattered and went to pieces. Another large one with a roof newly shingled came down the south channel, and striking a pier went to pieces and floated away in fragments below.

An Animal-Beater Convicted.

The Manchester (England) *Guardian*, says: At the petty session, Margate, Robert John W. Firance, said to be a young man of immense property, was brought up in custody of the head constable on a warrant charging him with torturing a cat by setting his dogs to worry the same. The case excited the greatest possible interest, in consequence of the offender having recently been committed to prison by the Kingston magistrates for two months for having cruelly driven two horses to death between Worthing and Surbiton. It was proved that the defendant was walking with three ferocious dogs, and that these animals were set to worry a cat, which was fearfully mutilated. The bystanders implored him to call the dogs off, which he refused to do. Early next morning he left Margate in order to elude the vigilance of the police who were in pursuit, and who communicated at once with the secretary to the royal society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, and after much difficulty the officer of the society succeeded in arresting the defendant at the Star and Garter hotel, Putney. In consequence of two previous convictions against him for cruelty to animals, the court ordered the defendant to pay the costs, and sentenced him to one month's imprisonment.

THE McKEAN MINER.

H. F. Barbour - Editor.

THURSDAY, DEC. 28, 1877.

Rebel Designs on the Treasury.

It will be remembered that during the last Presidential campaign it was predicted by republicans that in case of Tilden's election, the triumph of the "solid South", and the transfer of the government to their control, we would witness an avalanche of rebel claims upon the National Treasury. The democrats denied the possibility of such effort being made, and on every occasion undertook to sneer and ridicule the question down. They told the people it was a republican electioneering lie, and perhaps they induced some to believe that it was. But there is already a scheme on foot in the House of Representatives to open the way for every conciliated and unconciliated rebel from the Potomac to the Rio Grande to reimburse himself at the expense of Uncle Sam, for all the losses, real or imaginary, sustained by his rebellion. A republican Congress has placed too many safeguards around the National Treasury to suit the rapacious Southern claimant, and it is proposed by a democratic House to remove them. Under existing law every claimant for damages growing out of the operations of the armies during the rebellion is required to prove his loyalty to the United States as a condition precedent to the consideration of his claims. The necessity for, and justice of, this provision of law will be readily recognized. It is just and prudent to require citizens of Southern States presenting claims for war damages to submit proof of their loyalty. It is now proposed to repeal the law requiring proof of loyalty as a condition precedent to the consideration of war claims, and, by reversing the principle of the existing law, declare that every man who presents a claim of this character shall be presumed to have been loyal, and unless the Government shall be able to show otherwise his bill of damages must be allowed. Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, is the author of the bill, and has given it a title which conceals its real character and purpose. It is entitled "A bill to define the meaning of certain legal terms." After defining what shall be the meaning of the terms "loyalty" and "loyal citizen" as employed in the laws of the United States, the bill concludes thus:—"And that the loyalty of each citizen shall be presumed until his or her disloyalty shall be affirmatively proven." The effect of such a law would be to open the Treasury to almost every Southern man who sustained any loss during the rebellion, no matter what might have been his conduct or feelings toward the Government of the United States. It would throw the entire burden of proof on the Government, and, considering the feeling among Southern people on this subject, every one knows that it would be a legal impossibility for the Government, in a majority of cases, to overcome the presumption which this bill would establish in favor of claimants. No matter how actively engaged in the rebellion a claimant for damages may have been, his neighbors would not volunteer to furnish evidence for the United States, first, because they might be claimants themselves, and second, because, even if they were disposed to testify in favor of the Government the fear of bodily injury would deter them from so doing. A people who will maltreat and murder inoffensive people for political purposes would not hesitate to visit the same punishment upon those who would give testimony that would exclude them from the benefits which Mr. Wilson intends to extend by his bill. It would revive and make good nearly all the claims rejected by the Claims Commission, and would compel the Government to pay several hundred million dollars of claims. The title to this bill is a misnomer, it should read: "A bill to require the Government of the United States to pay all claims for damages sustained during the rebellion."

WADE HAMPTON'S new Senator [Butler] is a handsome man—"high toned and chivalric" and of heroic lineage—but to many eyes the hand he held up when he took the oath was red with a spot that would not "out" under the washing of profuse oratorical floods. All the tears and oaths of Patterson cannot sweeten that patrician hand from the smell of the base, black blood of Hamburg. I suppose it is possible that this man is innocent of the brutal crime charged against him—that is, if you make no account of a black "cloud of witnesses," and some people don't—but it is certain that his innocence has not been proved, that a majority of, at least, the Republican Party believe him guilty, fully deserving his ghastly sobriquet; and his being sent to the United States Senate while thus unexonerated, so far from being a conciliatory measure, was a defiance to the moral sense of the North, an outrage on the fundamental principles of republicanism.—CHASE GREENWOOD.

BOTH HOUSES have agreed to take a recess from the 15th of December to the 10th of January.

DEMOCRATIC Georgia—solidly democratic—in voting for the adoption of their new constitution, revives and emphasizes the scandalous act of repudiation which has disgraced the name of Georgia in the money markets of this and other countries. With shameless hypocrisy provision is made for payment of the interest on certain class of securities, held largely in the South, but by the same act the repudiation of bonds equally as valid, but which were issued by a Republican Government and bought by the people of the North, is sanctioned by the organic law of the Commonwealth. The records of no Southern State are blurred by a more barefaced act of legalized robbery.

ANOTHER Southern State has held an election, yet there, is no evidence of that "split" in the Democratic Party which the country was assured would be the result of "the policy of pacification" inaugurated by the National Administration. The recent contest in Georgia was an exclusively Democratic affair—a family party, so to speak. The Republican organization, which has one hundred and ten thousand votes in the State, had no candidates in the field, and, as a party, did not cast one ballot. The Old Line Whigs, who were recently so much talked of by Stanley Matthews and other statesmen of the same class, did not make their appearance, and "the liberal-minded men of the South," who were to throw off the yoke of party, have still to be heard from.

W. E. CHANDLER writes to the New York *Tribune* detailing the kind of justice Republicans are receiving in South Carolina. The case of Mr. Carpenter is specified. He is in prison for the alleged crime of having raised a bill against the State from $750 to $1,750. The only evidence against him was that of the Clerk of the Senate and his assistant, neither of whom distinctly remembered the amount of the bill they certify, but thought the figure I looked as if made after they approved the bill. Carpenter proved he had done the work called for in the bill—it being for advertising—and that the State owed him more than this amount. Hence he had no motive for committing the crime charged. All the Democrats involved in the Hamburgh and Ellenton massacres have been forgiven; but all persons against whom a charge can be trumped up by perjured evidence, are driven to prison.

THE *Tribune's* analysis of the political situation, in its prospectus just issued, and printed to-day in another column, will command universal attention. It thinks the anti-resumption and other financial heresies have been shown, in the late votes in Congress, to have their main support at the South. It looks to a union of the Solid South and Tammany Hall to grasp the Government in 1880, and it regards their attitude toward subsidies, extravagant appropriations for internal improvements, and other efforts to get back what they lost by the war, as the great danger ahead. Nothing, it says, can meet this danger but the old party of the churches and the schools; and so it renews the old appeal to the national conscience, the national honor, and the enlightened self-interest of the Tax-Payers. The *Tribune* has been again enlarged, is printed in a handier form, and offers a really great premium, Webster's Unabridged Quarto Dictionary. Read its prospectus.

A Hint to Tilden.

From the Richmond (Va.) State, Dem.

Mr. Tilden should strive to understand us better, and if he be in earnest about his declared intention of contesting the Presidential seat, he might as well know at once that he will have no sympathy or aid from this part of the world in opening a question fraught with so many elements of discord and bitterness, which has been so peacefully and satisfactorily settled. We trust Mr. Tilden will refrain from any further exhibitions of temper, and in future strive to make his personal grievances secondary to the general good.

"THE LEADING AMERICAN NEWSPAPER"

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE
FOR 1878.

THE TRIBUNE has enjoyed the distinction of being [illegible] among the best [illegible] during the year it will spend more [illegible] than ever before to deserve [illegible] to preserve its [illegible] to retain it, by keeping [illegible] the best thought and [illegible] of the [illegible] concurrence of the time, by keeping [illegible] the highest progress, favoring the [illegible] discussion, hearing all sides, appealing always to the best intelligence and the purest morality, and refusing to cater to the tastes of the vile or the prejudices of the ignorant. The continued popular approval and the constantly widening political influence it enjoys, are the best proofs that it is still faithful to its long early record of its strength.

THE TRIBUNE was active for the election of President Hayes, and it gives its heartiest support to the high purposes of his Administration. Doubting the wisdom of methods sometimes taken by his subordinates, and criticising with entire freedom his occasional mistakes, it still thinks it the duty of the hour to hold together and strengthen the party that elected and alone sustains him. It believes the day of danger to the negro has passed, and that of danger to the Tax-Payer has come. The solid South (at last in full control of every Rebel and Border state) sees its chance to get at the National Treasury, and get back what it lost by the war. Only 61 Northern voters are needed. If Tammany Hall could furnish New York, then Indiana, or Connecticut and New Jersey, would suffice. The danger is upon us; and against it the old party of Freedom, still the party of the Churches and the School Houses, is solely battered. It alone can keep the South from grasping the National Government in 1880. It alone can save us, even now, from the threatened Democratic abandonment of Resumption and renewed debasement of the currency, which would speedily and most wickedly check the revival of business, and treble the country's burdens. In behalf of the old party, therefore, THE TRIBUNE renews the old appeal to the National conscience, the National honor, and the enlightened self-interest of the Tax-Payer.

The Semi-Weekly Tribune

Combines many of the merits of both the Daily and Weekly issues, and is, in some respects, the best, as well as the cheapest paper sent out from THE TRIBUNE office. It contains all the literary, agricultural, and domestic miscellany, and all the special articles prepared for THE WEEKLY. It has besides nearly all the news of the DAILY, and most of its editorial articles not strictly local in their application. It has been enlarged, and changed to the sixteen-page form described below—a change which has long been asked by many of its most intelligent patrons.

The Weekly Tribune

Has been for a third of a century the favorite paper for our substantial country population. A competent critic has said of it, "THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE has done more for the re-settlement and prosperity of the Great West, and has made more good farmers and good citizens than any other single influence that ever existed in this country." During the ensuing year it means not only to pre-serve all its old merits, but to take a long stride ahead. By the introduction of 30,000 worth of new machinery, and by the enlargement of its size (making it the largest single sheet issued by any newspaper in the country), it is enabled to give subscribers what they have so long asked—their favorite paper in a shape easier to read and convenient for binding. Each issue consists of sixteen pages, of the form and general appearance of *Harper's Weekly*, but with pages considerably larger, and with unusually large and clear type. All the old and standard features are carefully preserved, while the new form and additional size enable us to offer the following among many

NOVEL AND SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS:

I. A graphic series of articles on *Domestic Life and Habits Abroad*, by Bayard Taylor.

II. A few papers on *Current Topics from the Christian Minister's Point of View*, by the Rev. John Hall, D. D.

III. Occasional contributions on *Political Problems and Promises*, by Gail Hamilton.

IV. *A Northern Farmer on Southern Agriculture*, by Solon Robinson.

V. *Life and Sights in New York*, by Veterans of the City Staff.

These articles will not be mere reproductions from the daily paper. They will be prepared expressly for the WEEKLY TRIBUNE, and will first see the light in its columns.

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The Agricultural Department of the WEEKLY TRIBUNE, has always been recognized as beyond comparison with that of any rival. More good work and more money are now spent upon it than ever before. Among regular contributors to it are Professor James Law, the country's foremost veterinary authority; Professor L. B. Arnold, unequalled as an instructor in the fine art of dairying; Professor G. C. Caldwell, of National reputation as an agricultural chemist; Professor C. V. Riley, the well-known entomologist; Mr. Josiah Hoopes, the horticultural specialists of the highest rank.

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THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE is now utterly unlike any other weekly newspaper issued from the office of a daily in New York, or in the country—larger, in different and better form, in better type, and filled with matter prepared expressly for its readers—not with the stale news dished up from the daily. It can only be compared with the three and four dollar weeklies, like *Harper's* and the great religious and literary journals, while its pages are larger than in any of these. Its price, however, remains fixed at such low rates to defy competition, and the extraordinary premiums surpass anything even in its own history.

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Thus any subscriber to either edition, renewing his subscription for five years at the regular rate to single subscribers (or renewing for only two years, and getting three new subscribers) gets five years of his favorite paper for nothing, and the great Dictionary for $2 less than its regular price; or he gets his paper at the regular price, and the great Dictionary for nothing—whichever way he pleases to count it!

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5 Weeklies—Any five Tribune Novels.

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For further information, posters and specimen copies, address simply—

THE TRIBUNE,
New-York.

McKEAN & BUFFALO RAILROAD Time table went into effect Monday, Nov. 19th, 1877, at 5:30, o'clock a.m.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.
Lafferty.....Leave	11.10a.m.	5.30 a.m
Pritchee.....	11.18	5.36 ....
Farmers Valley.....	11.28	5.46 ....
Smethport.....	11.40	6.02 ....
Crosby.....	12.02 P	6.15 P
Colegrove.....	12.07	6.23 ....
Hamilton.....	12.12	6.27 ....
Wernwag.....	12.45	6.47 ....
Clermont.....Arrive	13.50	7.00 ....

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	LOCAL.
Clermont.....Leaves	1.15p.m	7.15a.m
Wernwag.....	"	7.25 ....
Hamilton.....	2.00	7.45 ....
Colegrove.....	2.05	7.50 ....
Crosby.....	2.10 P	7.54 ....
Smethport.....	2.30	8.15 ....
Farmers Valley.....	2.43	8.28 P ....
Pritchee.....	2.56	8.39 ....
Lafferty.....Arrive	3.07	8.45 ....

Trains will not stop at stations marked with a star (*). Trains will stop at stations marked thus (†) when flagged.

S. V. GODDEN,
Superintendent

BUFFALO, NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD. Trains run on Buffalo time. Time table went into effect on Sunday, Nov. 21st, 1877. No trains run on Sunday.

MAIL.	EXPRESS.	STATIONS. SOUTH.	STATIONS. NORTH.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
a.m.	p.m.			p.m.	a.m.
7 10	4 35	Dep.	Buffalo Ar.	7 40	8 53
7 44	5 15		Alma	7 03	8 18
7 56	5 36		Aurora	6 47	7 59
8 46	6 24		Arcade	5 53	7 10
8 55	6 32		Yorkshire	5 44	7 03
9 05	6 41		Machias	5 32	6 53
9 22	7 00		Franklinville	5 13	6 37
9 32	7 10		Rhinelda	5 04	6 03
9 39	7 21		Erie R.R. Junction	4 56	5 48
9 44	7 35		Olean	4 32	5 45
10 23			Weston's	4 01	
10 31			Portville	3 52	
10 40			State Line	3 42	
10 53			Eldred	3 26	
11 03			LARA & E.R.R.	3 17	
11 09			Sartwell	3 10	
11 14			Turtle Point	3 05	
11 28			Fort Allegany	2 50	
11 48			Liberty	2 27	
11 56			Keating	2 18	
12 15			Shippen	1 58	
12 30		Arr.	Emporium Dep	1 40	

Stage runs between Elma and Marilla, connecting with all trains.

Stage runs between Arcade and Springville, connecting with all trains.

For Bradford and the New Oil Territory,

direct connections are made at Olean with the Erie Railway.

Fare as low as by any other Route.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, NOV. 20, 1876, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

MAIL EXPRESS leaves Renovo...4.45 p. m
" " " Driftwood 5.50 p. m
" " arr. at Kane.....9.30 p. m
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia.....11.55 p. m
" " " Renovo.....11.00 a. m
" " " Emporium.....12.05 p. m
" " " Kane.....3.10 p. m
" " arr. at Erie.....7.35 p. m

EASTWARD.

DAY EXPRESS leaves Kane.....6.00 a. m
" " " Emporium ....9.10a. m
" " " Driftwood....8.56 a. m
" " " Renovo.....10.10a. m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie.....11.00 a. m
" " " Kane.....3.50 p. m
" " " Emporium.....6.10 p. m
" " " Renovo.....8.45 p. m
" " arr. at Philadelphia....7.00a. m

Wm. A. BALDWIN,
Gen'l Supt

6-42-3 m.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of a writ of *alias Venal Ex* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit, which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday, Dec. 17, 1877, at 1 o'clock p. m.

[illegible] lot of land situate in the [illegible] Eldred, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the [illegible] corner of the [illegible] lot; thence along the line of the [illegible] lot, the distance of 160 rods; thence north 80 rods; thence east to the [illegible] line; thence south 80 rods to the place of beginning, containing forty-one and two-tenths (41 2-10) acres, more or less; about 15 acres improved; one small board house thereon.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Annie E. Ferguson, Administratrix of Geo. Ferguson, deceased, at the suit of Wm. K. King, and Wm. K. King and F. W. Leonard, Ex'rs of *H. Bell, deceased.*

C. S. KING, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. Nov. 26, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *alias Fieri Fa.* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House, in the borough of Smethport, on Monday Dec. 17, 1877, at 1 o'clock p. m.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Lafayette, County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: That certain strip of land two feet in width, being 30 feet on the south side and running parallel to the center line of the track of the railroad of the McKean County Bituminous Coal Company, and 70 feet on the north side of said centre line of railroad track and running parallel with said centre line of said track; the said land being the strip occupied by said railroad company for a railroad and place of deposit for materials excavated, where the same crosses lot No. 50, of the allotment of Bingham lands in said township, conveyed to Wm. Talbot, containing 4 and 11-100 acres and being part of said lot No. 50.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of McKean County Bituminous Coal Company, at the suit of L. W. Crawford.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. Nov. 26, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *alias Venal Exponas* out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale, at the Court House in the borough of Smethport at one o'clock p. m., on Monday the 17th day of Dec. A. D. 1877.

All that piece, parcel or tract of land bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post in the Smethport and Alton road, being the southwest corner of James Taylor's lot; thence along the said road westerly to the southeast corner of land set off and conveyed to Miles Irons; thence by a line running on the location of the fence through the cleared land of that part of the "Old Farm" lying north of the said road, and being the east line of said land set off to Miles Irons; north 2½ and 9-10 perches, more or less, to the northeast corner of said land of Miles Irons in the north line of the "Old Farm" lot; thence by said north line east 48 and 9-10 perches more or less to a beech the northeast corner of the same; thence south 81 perches to a post the northwest corner of the James Taylor lot aforesaid, thence by the west line of said James Taylor lot south 1½ deg. west 177 and 1-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 75 and 5-10 acres, more or less, being parts of Warrants Nos. 2453 and 3487; about 50 acres improved, well watered, one stone barn, one frame barn with two sheds, one two-story frame dwelling house, a quantity of fruit trees thereon.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Wm. Irons at the suit of Esther Grimsby and Lydia Doolittle.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. Nov. 26, 1877.

BY VIRTUE of a writ of *alias Levari Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pa., to me directed, I have levied upon all the following described Real Estate, to wit: which I shall expose to public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Smethport, on Monday the 17th day of Dec. A. D. 1877, at one o'clock p. m.

All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the township of Norwich, county of McKean, and State of Pennsylvania, beginning at a point on the east bank of Potato or Nine's creek, being the southwest corner of Timothy Wolcott's farm; thence east one hundred and ten poles and sixteen links to a post corner; thence south one hundred and seven poles to a post corner; thence east one hundred and seven poles and nine links to a post corner, being the northeast corner of lot No. five (5); thence south fifty poles and ten and one-fourth links to a post corner; thence west one hundred and ninety-eight poles to a post corner on the east bank of said creek; thence down said creek through all its windings to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and nine and one-half acres of land; about fifty acres improved, and well watered, reserving one-half acre of land on which the school house stands to the directors of Norwich school district, and their successors in office, together with the school house and school privileges for school purposes; and being the southwest part of 1-4 number four (4); and the north part of lot number five (5) on *Joseph Colegrove's* survey; and the same premises conveyed to *Charles H. Crosby* by *Choate Burnham*—Also reserving one-sixth part of all the oil that may be found or produced from said premises, except oil distilled from coal; with the right in the said Choate Burnham to repossess himself of the said premises in case the said sixth part of oil as aforesaid is not delivered to him; and also excepting damages done by the mill dam in constructing navigation or causing the water to flow back upon lands above said dam, having thereon a quantity of fruit trees, one large steam saw mill, one board house, one frame house, and one frame barn.

Seized and taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Charlie H. Crosby at the suit of the National State Bank of Elizabeth.

C. S. KING, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa. Nov. 26, 1877.

LIST OF LEGAL BLANKS

Printed and kept constantly on hand at the

MINER JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

The blanks are carefully compiled and prepared, printed on firm, heavy paper, and in the best style of the typographical art.

ATTORNEY'S SERIES.

Amicable Action.
" " and Confession of Judgment.
" " to Revive & Continue Judgm't.
Amicable Sci. Fa. upr. Mortgage.
Arbitration—Affidavit and Recognizance for Appeal.
Bond.
" Judgment.
" Interest and Insurance Clause.
" Administrator to Sell or Mortgage.
" Claimant to Interpleader.
" Guardian at Appointment.
" Indemnity to Sheriff.
" Plaintiff under Act March 17, 1869.
" Defendant "
" In Replevin—Plaintiff.
" Defendant.
Composition paper.
Commission—Letter of Instruction.
"D.S.B." on Judgment Note.
(copy of note printed in.)
Letter of Attorney.
Letter of Remittance.
Mechanics' Lien.
Motion for Judgment and Liquidation.
" —blank.
Narr. with Copy of Account and Precipe.
" " " (No. 2)
Note—Judgment, with waiver.
Petition—Blank.
" and Bond for Tavern License.
" of Administrator to Sell or Mortgage.
" for Citation against Executor or Administrator to File Account.
Precipe for Summons in Assumpsit.
" for Writ of Fieri Facias.
" for Writ of Replevin.
" Attachment under Act of March 17, 1869.
Precipe for Writ of Attachment under Act of March 17, 1869, Notice to Garnishee.
Precipe for Writ of Fi. Fa. with Suggestion and Affidavit.
Precipe for writ of Sci. Fa. sur Judgment.
" " Certiorari.
" " Attachment Execution.
Probate of Account.
Plaintiff's Statement and Notice.
Record of Judgments and Liens.
Return Receipt.
Rule and Interrogatories.
Recognizance for Stay of Execution.
Statement for Judgment by Default.

CONVEYANCER'S SERIES.

Agreement for Sale of Land.
Bill of Sale.
Bond—Interest and Insurance Clause.
" Judgment.
Deed—Warranty.
" Covenant of Title.
" Executor, under order of Court.
" " " power in Will
" Quit Claim.
" Administrator.
" Reserving Mineral Rights.
" for Minerals.
" Ground Rent.
Lease.
" with Waiver.
" Oil.

JUSTICE'S SERIES.

Summons.
Subpœna.
Execution.
" with note of Waiver.
Criminal warrant.
Attachment in Execution.
Rule and Interrogatories.
Bond and Affidavit of Plaintiff in Attachment.
Attachment—Fraudulent Debtor.
Bond of Defendant in Attachment.
Transcript—Commonwealth Case.
" Civil Suit.
Complaint.
Commitment.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Orders—Township, Road, School and Poor.
Sales—Constable.
" Collector.
Appraisement of Personal Property—Constable.
Bond for Stay of Execution—Constable.
Notice to Taxpayers—School Treasurer.
Collector's Receipt.

DRESS MAKING.

Mrs. C. C. Kidder

Is prepared to do all kinds of fashionable dress making in the latest *styles* and at short notice.

CUTTING AND FITTING A SPECIALTY.

If work is not right it can be returned and will be made satisfactory. Charges reasonable. Residence on Main street, next to Hamlin's Hardware store. v13n3

ROOFING PAINT.

The Rocky Mountain Vermillion Paint (mixed ready for use) is the best in the world for Tin, Iron, Felt, Shingles or anything exposed to the weather.

Price—1 gallon a can, $1; two gals. in can $1.60
Three gallon cans in one case..... 4.00
1 barrel, 24 gallons..... 12.00
1 barrel, 46 gallons..... 22.00

AMERICAN VERMILLION WORKS,
40 South Front St., Phila.

6-42-3 m.

McKean County, ss:

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to the Sheriff of said County, Greeting:

[illegible] Bingham and James O'Neil make [illegible] you [illegible] setting forth their claim, that we [illegible] Command by good and [illegible] sufficient [illegible] Gilbert Chandler with Henry N. Howell and [illegible] Cafferty, Administrators, and Caroline A. Cafferty, Lucius M. Cafferty and Lee M. Cafferty, widow and heirs at law of C. M. Cafferty, deceased, terre tenants, late of your county, that they be and appear before our Judges at our said Court of Common Pleas, then to be held the third monday of December next, to show wherefore whereas they the said John H. Bingham and James O'Neil, and the aforesaid Burdett Chandler with Henry N. Howell and Lucius Cafferty and Lee M. Cafferty, Administrators, and Caroline A. Cafferty, Lucius M. Cafferty and Lee M. Cafferty, widow and heirs at law of C. M. Cafferty, deceased, terre tenants, *together and undivided* do hold all that certain messuage or tract of land situate in the township of Bradford, in the county of McKean, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at southwest corner of Warrant No. 3585; thence north on west line of said warrant 310 and 7-10 perches to sugar tree at northeast corner of said Warrant; thence east on said north line 102 rods to post; thence south 32 degrees west 64 and 6-10 rods to beech; thence south 25 degrees east 70 and 6-10 rods to maple; thence south 6 degrees east 50 and 5-10 rods to beech; thence south 22 degrees west 82 and 6-10 rods to post; thence west 72 and 9-10 rods to post; thence south 5 degrees west 46 and 6-10 rods to post; thence south 30 and 5-10 rods to post in south line of said warrant; thence west on said south line 95 and 6-10 rods to the *place of beginning, containing* two hundred and seventy-three acres and forty-*three square rods*, being part of said warrant No. 3585 and subdivision No. 7, of Isaac Willett's land, *reserving timber sold* P. T. Kennedy, and excepting and reserving one hundred acres; Beginning at southwest corner of warrant No. 3585; thence east on south line of said warrant 99 rods to post; thence northerly to point in center of road running from Boyd Valley road through the place, a sufficient distance so that a line run from the centre of the highway at that point west to the west line of said warrant parallel to south line of said warrant shall include fifty acres. And beginning at post the southeast corner of lands herein before described; thence west on warrant line 30 rods; thence northerly along line of first reserve 50 acres and continuing on same course far enough so that a line run parallel with south line of said warrant to east line of lands conveyed by Willett's, shall embrace fifty acres, the same *Burdett Chandler* with Henry N. Howell and Lucius Cafferty and Lee M. Cafferty, *Administrators*, and Caroline A. Cafferty and Lee M. Cafferty, widow and heirs at law of C.M. Cafferty, deceased, terre tenants, partition thereof between them to be made (according to the laws and customs of this Commonwealth in such case made and provided) do gainsay and the same to be done, do not permit. Very unjustly and against the same laws and customs, &c. And have you then and there the names of the summoners and this writ.

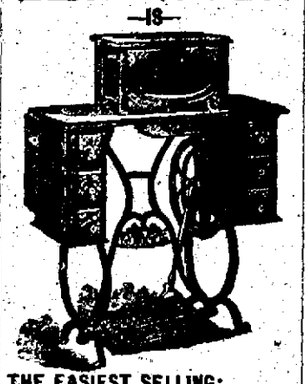
Witness the Honorable H. W. Williams, President Judge of our said Court at Smethport this 21st day of October, A. D. 1877.

C. KARWEILER, Proth'y.

Seal of Court of COMMON PLEAS.

Per JOHN R. CHADWICK, Deputy.
True copy of writ now in my hands.
C. S. KING, Sheriff.

The White
—IS—



THE EASIEST SELLING;
THE BEST SATISFYING

Sewing Machine.

Its introduction and world-renowned reputation was the death-blow to high-priced machines.

THERE ARE NO SECOND HAND WHITE MACHINES IN THE MARKET.

This is a very important matter, as it is a well-known and undisputed fact that many of the so-called first-class machines which are offered so cheap now-a-days are those that have been repossessed (that is, taken back from customers after use) and rebuilt and put upon the market as new.

THE WHITE IS THE PEER OF ANY SEWING MACHINE NOW UPON THE MARKET.
IT IS MUCH LIGHTER THAN THE FAMILY MACHINES OF THE SINGER, HOWE AND WEED MAKE.
IT COSTS MORE TO MANUFACTURE THAN EITHER OF THE AFORESAID MACHINES.
ITS CONSTRUCTION IS SIMPLE, POSITIVE AND DURABLE.
ITS WORKMANSHIP IS UNSURPASSED.

Do not Buy any other before trying THE WHITE.

Prices and Terms Made Satisfactory.

AGENTS WANTED!

White Sewing Machine Co.,
CLEVELAND, O.

This standard article is compounded with the greatest care.

Its effects are as wonderful and as satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color.

It removes all eruptions, itching and dandruff. It gives the head a cooling, soothing sensation of great comfort, and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness, and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing, nothing has been found so effectual or desirable.

A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Price, One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye
FOR THE WHISKERS.

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade, to brown or black, at discretion. It is easily applied, being in one preparation, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color, which will neither rub nor wash off.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO.,
NASHUA, N.H.
Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.

JAMES McNULTY,

MERCHANT TAILOR

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

Suits made to order promptly, after the latest patterns.

REPAIRING and CLEANING

done to order neatly and cheaply.

Prices to suit the times, and good fit guaranteed. Call and see samples and prices.

v14-42-1y J. McNULTY.

LEGAL and Blank Printing a Specialty at the MINER office.

LEGAL BLANKS of all kinds, neatly and correctly printed, can be had at the MINER office.

NEW MEAT MARKET.

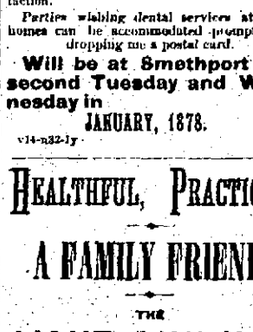
THE undersigned would inform the public that he has opened a Meat Market in the building recently occupied by Mr. [illegible] and has on hand a full supply of [illegible]

[illegible] HAM, &c.,

which will be sold as low as the market will allow. An inspection of stock and prices is invited.

WM. OGILVIE & CO.
Smethport Pa. March 20th, 1877.-1y-2n

M. L. Armstrong,
Dealer in



Agent for
ITHACA CALENDAR CLOCKS
in McKean County.

Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a specialty.

DOMESTIC
SEWING MACHINE.

Double Thread, Lock Stitch; Automatic Self-Adjusting Tension and Take-up; Conical Steel Bearings, and Compensating Journal.

It does not Fatigue!!!
It does not make you Nervous!!!

LIGHT-RUNNING, NOISELESS.

None run it but to love it;
None know it but to praise.

THE

"DOMESTIC"

Is the most desirable and efficient machine made, for these reasons:

It is made of the *choicest materials*, and by the *best workmen*.

It is the *simplest* in construction, and *most reliable* in its action.

It requires almost *no adjusting*, and yet does *every* variety of work.

It is *noiseless, rapid*, and will *outwear* any other machine.

It is the *easiest running* of machines, and *saves muscle and nerves*, which are more valuable than money.

It has *never failed to give perfect satisfaction*.

Every machine warranted.

The Physicians recommend it for its light-running and noiseless qualities.

Send for a copy of "How to Choose a Sewing Machine."

"Domestic" Sewing Machine Co.,
NEW YORK.

"DOMESTIC" Paper Fashions,
"Domestic" PAPER Fashions,
"Domestic" Paper FASHIONS,

The most stylish and best fitting,

In endless variety. Send 5 cents for large Illustrated Catalogue of 1000 Styles.

"DOMESTIC Monthly,"
"Domestic MONTHLY,"
"DOMESTIC Monthly,"
"Domestic MONTHLY,"

An Instructive and Entertaining Illustrated Magazine of Fashion, Polite Literature, and Art. $1.50 a Year, with PREMIUM.

Specimen Copy, 15 cents.

DOMESTIC
Sewing Machine Co.,

CHIEF OFFICE,
Broadway and 14th St., New York.

NEW STOCK
OF
FALL & WINTER
GOODS JUST RECEIVED AT
HASKILL & GIFFORD'S
This Stock comprises a full line of
DRY GOODS
DRESS GOODS, FANCY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS,
GROCERIES
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &C.

We have opened the largest stock of goods ever offered in Smethport, and they are offered at prices that will recommend them to those wishing good goods at very low prices.

HASKILL & GIFFORD.

FALL & WINTER
OPENING.
R. O. SMITH & CO.

Are now showing all the novelties of the season in their different Departments. We have largely increased many of our lines of goods, and have attractions and bargains to offer in all. Feeling the desirability of increasing our acquaintance with the

McKEAN COUNTY PUBLIC,

and appreciating the fact that it can only be done on merit, we are offering large inducements in the way of good goods at very low prices. We have a full assortment of

STAPLE AND FANCY
DRESS GOODS,
and make a specialty of
BLACK SILKS & CASHMERES.

Our lines of
TRIMMINGS, FANCY GOODS
Shawls & Cloaks,
are New and Complete.

We have Bargains to offer in
HAMBURG EDGES, LINENS,
CORSETS & KID GLOVES.
KID GLOVES AT 50 CENTS.

OUR DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

Is unusually full, and the prices are many of them lower than ever before. We have unusual facilities this Fall for doing all our old Customers good, and will be pleased to add many new ones.

R. O. SMITH & C

THE McKEAN MINER.

THURSDAY, DEC. 14, 1877.

Churches.

METHODIST.—J. C. WHITEHEAD, pastor. Sabbath School every Sabbath at 9 a. m.; and Preaching at 10½ a. m., and 7 p. m. Class Meeting at 11½ a. m. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 p. m.

Preaching at Norwich and at Cole Creek at 2 p. m. every alternate Sabbath.

BAPTIST.—O. J. ROSE, pastor. Services Sunday at 10½ a. m., and at 7½ p. m. Sunday School immediately after the morning service. Preaching once in two weeks at the Turner school house.

EPISCOPAL.—H. O. MILLER, Rector. Services on the 2d and 4th Sunday of each month at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sabbath School at 9 a. m.

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH—Rev. J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11 30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge.—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Additional Judge.—R. F. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Associate Judges.—W. S. Brownell, Smethport; F. N. Burnham, Eldred.
District Attorney.—E. E. Cosper, Port Allegany.
Sheriff.—C. V. King, Smethport.
Prothonotary.—C. P. Sartwell, Smethport. *Deputy.*—J. R. Chadwick.
County Treasurer.—A. H. Mallory, Port Allegany. *Deputy.*—D. R. Smith, Smethport.
Commissioners.—Rej. Bunker, Orlando Billings, Wm. A. Young.
Com'rs Clerk.—Jno. R. Chadwick, Smethport.
Auditors.—O. D. Coleman, J. L. Bass, M. W. Fisher.
Regular Terms of Court.—Fourth Monday in February and September, and third Monday of June and December.

BRIEF MENTION.

—Court next week.

—Limestone is to be incorporated.

—Bradford is to be pictured in the *Graphic*.

—A Hebrew Benevolent Young Men's Association has been organized in Bradford.

—An application for a borough charter for Tarport will be made at the next term of court.

—Frank Hussey, who has been suffering from an attack of typhoid fever several weeks, died on Tuesday.

—The Buffalo & Jamestown Railroad has changed its name. It is now the Buffalo & Southwestern.

—Percy, a son of Morris Schultz, of Wilcox, was killed a few days ago by an accident on a southern railroad.

—Zach. Carl captured another wolf a day or two since, the second in a few weeks. The county pays a bounty of $25 for each one killed.

—It is promised that before Christmas passenger trains will run regularly from Bradford to Gillmor City. It is also promised that trains will run from Olean to the State Line by the same date.

—A reliable correspondent at Eldred informed us yesterday that there was 1000 feet of oil in the Noble well, and that the drill on the Fowler Brook well would start Monday.

—Cards have been issued for a New Years dance at the Port Allegany House Tuesday evening, January 1st 1878. The Olean Band furnishes the music.

—Our readers who may want to learn about the Far West are referred to the advertisement of the *Kansas Farmer*, an old established and popular journal in the West. It is published at the Capital of the State.

—The Booth excursion train was well patronized last Saturday. We observed, however, that a large number preferred to spend the day in shopping rather than to hear the great tragedian. Poor taste.

—Before going or sending to Buffalo for Christmas Gifts drop in at the post office jewelry store and learn that you can do as well if not better by spending your money at home.

—The thousand and one curious and fancy Christmas toys on the shelves at the Post Office Jewelry store and Toy Emporium attract a constant, ever-changing crowd of open-eyed and open-mouthed youngsters of large and small degree.

—Mr. Scott, whose skull was fractured by the fall of a sucker-rod elevator, and Mr. Lockhart, who was shot by the accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of a companion, at Bradford, have both died from the effects of their injuries.

—Frank N. Taylor's pet horse, Prince, stepped into a broken sluice between C. C. Wright's mill and the hill yesterday, breaking one of his legs. Frank was driving to Tarport with two horses, and was obliged by this accident to shoot his favorite animal. He was a valuable horse and a beauty, and very highly prized by his owner, and it is probable that Keating township may have some costs to pay.

—The boys desire us to say that there will be a grand turkey shoot in this "city" next Thursday, the 20th, commencing at 9 a. m. Seventy-three turkeys and twenty-one geese will fall victims to "man's inhumanity" and the unerring rifle of our keen sighted sportsmen. At 10 cents a shot it is hoped and believed that it will take about 1000 shots to clear the field, and relieve the game of their suspense. The huntsmen will meet at the Wright House.

—A correspondent writes from Turtle Point relating an account of an attempt to steal a robe from the carriage of Nathan Taylor Sunday night, while Taylor was standing on the other side of the carriage. He seized the robe and at the same time recieved a heavy blow on the head with the butt of a whip at the hands of the would be thief. The account is rather vague, but we should conclude that Taylor saved the robe at the expense of some bruises, and lost the thief. Our correspondent says whisky was at the bottom of it, and is disposed to condemn the depot agent at that place, but whether justly or not we are unable to state.

—At a good deal of trouble Mart. Armstrong and Freem. Chadwick had arranged a pen in the woods for a deer trap, with a tame deer enclosed as a decoy.—Two heedless young hunters from York State saw the head of the decoy through the brush and blazed away at it. Strange to say, they hit it and killed it. Then, according to their story, they discovered their blunder and made inquires as to its ownership with the purpose of paying damages. Meantime Armstrong heard of his loss and with the assistance and advice of E. V. Chadwick, had them arrested for malicious mischief. They remained in jail over night, were tried the next day and acquitted, and then gave Armstrong their note for $40 in payment for his deer—a very good price for a deer, providing the note is good. The foregoing is a true story with a moral.

—The Olean hotels are crowded with transient guests.

—We understand that Gen. Kane and family will return to Kane this winter.

—A telegram from Bradford says the Derrick tells that the Sawbox well and territory is no good.

—The Elkland oil well is said to be a failure. Fifteen hundred feet and no third sand.

—The Wellsville *Democrat* gives credence to the rumor that W. H. Bearce has recently been seen in Canada.

—John Kuhn has sued the borough of Coudersport for 5,000 damages received by the breaking down of a bridge.

—We are informed that Mars & Co. have signed a contract to commence a well at Turtle Point within twenty days.

—All the old weather prophets are prophesying an open winter. The present warm, springlike weather looks like it.

—A big oil strike is reported in the Kanawha Valley, West Virginia. Oil was found at 700 feet and the yield is estimated at 200 to 300 barrels per day.

—Dr. Freman's team took a little "skirrup" through town without a driver on Sunday, but we did not learn that any damage was done.

—Buffalo merchants are reaping a harvest. Every out-going train is loaded with the rural population, and they loaded with bundles and packages.

—Many of our readers object to reading advertisements but all are delighted with the wonderful results obtained by the use of Dr. Fenner's Cough Honey. Price 25c. 50c. $1.

—The proprietor of the Emporium *Independent* did not offer Gould, of the *Press*, any assistance on the occasion of the burning of his newspaper office, and now he is mad because Gould did not ask him.

—F. W. Sprague and Saml. Baldwin, of Otto township, will shortly take a trip to their old home away down in Maine. The boys have been lucky in disposing of some of their oil lands, and naturally want to visit the scenes of childhood's happy hours.

—At A. B. Armstrong's drug and book store can be seen a new and fine stock of plain and fancy stationery. What is a more acceptable, or more delicately suggestive present to a lady friend than an elegant box of fine and richly perfumed stationery?

—The preliminary work on the bark extract works is being rapidly pushed under the energetic charge of Superintendant Andrews. Sealed proposals for erecting the buildings have been presented, but have not yet, as we are informed, been opened.

—W. F. Peck, an old employee in this office, and our right hand man, is confined to his bed by a painful and unusual disease. He suffered a delicate surgical operation last Friday, which was skillfully performed by Dr. S. D. Freeman, who gives assurance that it will effect an entire cure. With the best results he will no doubt be laid up for some time, and receives the sympathy of many friends in his affliction, for which we are requested to express his deep felt thanks.

—Among the attendants at court next week will be a great many people who are indebted to the MINER office in various sums from $1.50 upwards. To all such we extend a most cordial invitation to call and see us. We want to see them and our creditors are more anxious to see the money. Do not be backward, gentlemen. The individual amounts you owe us are small, but in the aggregate they will do us a power of good and lessen the number of our gray hairs.

—We are always willing, and in some cases it affords us pleasure, to publish announcements of marriages and deaths. But it is conspicuously stated on the first page of the paper among our advertising terms that obituary notices are to be paid for at the usual rates, and there is no excuse for ignorance. We expect that parties who send in obituary notices for publication are aware of our terms and intend to pay for their publication. It is as legitimate a bill as the undertaker's and we would expect the party who would try and beat the printer out of it would at the same time try to beat the undertaker out of the price of the coffin.

—We learn that F. Prentice, who has always been an uncompromising friend of the producer, and who lost his money in attempting to sustain the oil market against the opposition of the ring, (though deserted in the effort by nearly all of his friends,) has effected a full and satisfactory settlement with his creditors, and is now preparing with other parties to engage largely in developing for oil in West Virginia under the firm name of F. Prentice & Co. We understand the firm have very large and promising tracts of land there, and that they are now shipping ten sets of new machinery with which to commence operations.—*Derrick*.

Death of Mrs. S. E. B. Smith.

Just as we go to press we learn of the death of Mrs. S. E. B. Smith, at her home in Milford. Less than a week ago the funeral of her mother, Mrs. Willis Barrett, was attended in this place. Mrs. Smith has been an invalid a number of years. Her funeral will be attended in this place to-morrow, Friday.

Rev. L. D. Watson's Lecture

At the Court House next Wednesday evening, the 19th inst., will undoubtedly be one of the finest in the course. His subject is "Two Volumes in One; or The Universe and The Bible." He is a deep thinker and a sound and a logical reasoner, and will make the subject one of profound interest and profit.

The Attention of Agents

Is called to the Housekeepers' Supply Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, who make a business of getting up and manufacturing new and labor-saving conveniences for housekeepers, and give employment to hundreds of agents of both sexes throughout the whole United States to introduce and sell them, and offer inducements that will pay them handsomely. Many of their agents are now making from $4 to $6 per day; and some of them even more. Write to them at once and they will send you circulars, giving you full description of each article they manufacture, and their terms to agents, and will assign you exclusive territory to sell in. Their address is the Housekeepers' Supply Company, No. 249 Elm Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. 4p

SMETHPORT LECTURE COURSE.

The second Lecture of the Course will be delivered by

L. D. WATSON,

AT THE COURT HOUSE

Wednesday Eve. Dec. 19, '77

Subject:

THE UNIVERSE AND THE BIBLE.

The following gentlemen have also signified their willingness to assist in the course, and will lecture on the subjects designated:

DAVID S. COARLAND; Two years on a Whaler in the Atlantic and Indian Oceans.

J. W. GAMBLE; The Straw that Broke the Camel's Back.

HON. H. W. WILLIAMS; A Trip to Europe.

D. H. MULLER D.D; Marriage and Marrying.

Tickets for sale at the Post Office.

Gen. Kane's Swede Settlement.

We copy the following interesting letter from the Kane correspondence of the *Reno's Record*.

In my last letter I promised to give your readers an account of my visit to Gen. Kane's Swede settlement, near this place. It commences about three miles distant from Kane and extends along a beautiful, fertile country for about twelve miles. Here you see Sweden in all of its originality. The same customs, manners and society in the mother country are here observed. Their houses and barns are larger and more neatly built than in the settlements usually formed by foreigners of other nationalities. I noticed but one log house in the settlement. The dwellings are frame, modern in design and neatly painted. About two-thirds of the heads of families are mechanics. They do their work well, with the strictest neatness. All are taught economy from infancy. They lend a helping hand to each other, and for miles around you can see these sturdy sons of toil busily at work in agricultural pursuits, clearing lands, fellings trees, rolling logs and engaged in such other work as will make them a healthy and thrifty people. In every plot of ground conveyed by General Kane an article of agreement is taken specifying the kind of buildings to be built and improvements to be made. The wisdom of this requirement is plainly visible. It makes the settlement uniform in appearance and enhances the value of each estate.

These people are mostly Lutherans. They have two large churches in the settlement, which are supported in a highly creditable manner. Among them may be found many earnest and devout Christians.

They are a busy people. Their evenings are spent in useful employment. Whatever work is to be done, is done between dusk and bed time in the sitting room. The whole family assembles around the fire place and by the light which it reflects the women do their carding, spinning, knitting and sewing, while the men repair farming utensils, or make some useful article of household furniture.

In several houses visited I noticed women busily at work pairing large quantities of potatoes. Puzzled to know what use they were intended, I inquired, and learned they were for making starch. They manufacture what they need, thus saving a considerable sum of money in the course of a year. They also manufacture annually a large amount of cheese which yields them a fine income.

The Swedes take great pride in raising fruit. The first land cleared is usually planted in fruit trees, such as apple, pear, crab apple, plum, etc. This settlement is destined to become a great country in this respect, as the soil and climate are both favorable to fruit growing. These people enjoy many advantages over their Potter county neighbors. They have a good market for all they produce within three miles from the settlement. They get $12 per 1000 feet for cherry timber in the log, while they also get good prices for their hemlock and bark.

The land produces abundantly spring wheat, oats, hay, and potatoes. Corn does not thrive so well.

Taking all in all it is a fair place for the industrious Swede to gain a good home at a small cost. H. W. V.

Obituary.

Mrs. Willis Barrett, whose death we briefly noticed in our last issue, was born at Lelloy, Otsego county, N. Y. Sept. 11, 1815. She came to this county with her family at an early day, and was married October 1st, 1835, to Willis Barrett, by Rev. John Denning. Her maiden name was Marietta C. Coleman, and she leaves a large and respectable family of brothers and sisters in this county, five of whom were in attendance at her funeral. She also leaves three daughters. The eldest, Sarah, married Mr. C. A. Smith, of Milford, Pike county, Pa. a brother of S. W. Smith, Esq. of Port Allegany. The second daughter married Rev. E. B. Williams, a former pastor of the M. E. Church of this place. The youngest married a Mr. Davis, a lawyer of Meadville.

She died at the residence of her eldest daughter, Mrs. Smith, who being at the time very ill herself was unable to attend the funeral. Mrs. Barrett was a member of the Methodist Church, a lady of high christian character and sterling qualities. She enjoyed a large acquaintance throughout the county, among whom she was held in high esteem.

The Rochester and State Line R. R.

The Rochester *Democrat* says: A new locomotive, named Oliver Allen, was added to the rolling stock of this road on Saturday last, and is now doing duty on a construction train at Machias. Twenty-five new box cars have also been received at Rochester, and the balance are being manufactured at the extensive shops of Jackson & Wordin, of Berwick, Pa. The iron is now arriving at the rate of 200 tons per day, and three construction trains are now engaged in laying track and ballasting between Gainesville and Machias. Two and one-eighth miles of track were laid on Friday last, and the remaining gap of eighteen miles will, in all probability, be laid before January 1st, thus completing the important connection with the B. N. Y. & P. Railway at Machias. From Machias south the track is laid to within three miles of Salamanca, and at this point the bridge over the Great Valley Creek is being built by R. Conners, of Troy. The track is well ballasted from Machias to Ellicottville and in good running order.

Gifts for the Holidays.

M. L. Armstrong is always on hand with a supply of goods for holiday gifts. This year he has an unusual large supply, and can furnish you with anything you may wish from a tin whistle to a diamond necklace. It would be useless to undertake to give a list of articles. He has toys for the children in the greatest profusion and of every conceivable variety, and if something more costly and substantial is wanted the purchaser has a large and firstclass stock of silver and plated ware, jewelry, rings, pins, charms, lockets, chains, gold and silver watches, &c. to select from. Call and look at them.

Oats Wanted.

Haskill & Gifford will pay 1½ cents per lb, for two thousand bushels of oats delivered at their store.

LEGAL WORK.

CASES SET DOWN FOR DECEMBER TERM.

The Court Calendar for December term has been issued from the MINER Job Rooms. It is a neatly printed pamphlet of twelve pages, and a model of typographical work. By an order of the Court made last September term, the Court Calendar is now printed in pamphlet form for the use of lawyers and litigants, instead of being published in the newspapers. For the benefit and interest of the general public we publish below, from the official Calendar, a list of cases therein set down for trial:

TRIAL LIST.

James E. Blair vs. L. G. Peck—Ejectment for land in Bradford township.

Porter C. Buchanan vs. Harry Bodine—Summons in case upon promises.

Brown & Norris vs. Burdett Chandler—Summons in case upon promises.

Patrick Ryan vs. John Driscoll—Summons in Trespass.

ARGUMENT LIST.

Ex'rs of A. N. Taylor, dec'd, vs. R. Larrabee—Motion to open Judgm't.

The Citizens Savings Bank, Warren vs. Jas. M. Welch and Parker & McVlu—Motion to Subrogate T. J. Melvin to rights of Pl'ff.

H. & F. Biandy vs. Jas. Doyle et al.—Exceptions to Auditors report.

McKean & B. R. R. Co., vs. R. Larrabee—Motion to strike off appeal of A. N. Taylor.

Edwards for Crossmire vs. Thos. Callar—Motion to open Judgm't.

C. F. McKune vs. D. M. McKune—Motion to open Judgm't.

Albert Parker et al. vs. C. V. B. Barse—Motion for Pl'ff to give bail for costs.

Joseph Post vs. Wm. P. Book—Motion to dissolve attachment.

S. S. Moses vs. Sh'ff King, & M. A. Lillibridge—Motion for Pl'ff to give bail for costs.

R. M. Stone vs. S. W. Copeland—Motion to set aside Judgment.

Merrick Ogden vs. Lorretta L. Ogden—Motion for Alimony.

I. Atwood Putnam vs. N. B. Bryant—Motion for Pl'ff to show cause of action.

Use of Jno. H. Bunn vs. A. B Phelps—Motion to subrogate H. B. Roberts to rights of Pl'ff.

John Travis vs. Andrew Chute—Certiorari to L. Ward, Esq.

DeGolier & Boyd vs. Barnard & Chandler—Motion of Bradley & Knox to be released as bail.

Dr. D. L. Rogers, Pl'ff in error vs. Boro. of Bradford—Certiorari to L. Ward, Esq.

Frank Smith, Pl'ff in error, vs. Boro of Bradford—Certiorari to L. Ward, Esq.

Partition of estate of Wm. S. Morris, dec'd—Exceptions to partition, by Lyman Cross.

QUARTER SESSIONS.

Com. vs. Zachariah Carl—Malicious mischief—Adulterating milk.

Com. vs. Ed. Mullin—Assault and Battery.

Com. vs. Frank Munroe & Clarence Munroe—Cutting timber trees.

Com. vs. Alzina Fisher & Lovina Duncan—Larceny.

Com. vs. Miles March—Larceny.

Com. vs. Adrew Campbell—Malicious mischief—Stabbing and killing a yearling steer.

Com vs. S. P. Bacon—Cutting timber trees—Recognizance forfeited and respited.

Com. vs. Joseph Carey—Larceny.

Com. vs. J. W. Ketchum, Earl Ketchum & Jos. Clark—Forcible Entry and Detainer.

Overseers of poor of Jones tp. vs. Overseers of poor of Eldred tp.—Legal settlement of Pauper.

Com vs O C Beers—Larceny.

Com vs Allen S Blair—Larceny. Recognizance forfeited.

Com vs John Ilxford—Larceny.

Com vs N G Taylor—Assault and surety of the Peace.

Com vs James Drumgool—Assault and Battery.

Com vs John Sullivan—Larceny.

Com vs Fernand Ayers—Larceny.

Com vs Burdett Chandler—Perjury.

Com vs Jane Armstrong—Assault and Battery—Recognizance forfeited.

Com vs Henry Black & Patsey Burns—House breaking and Larceny.

Com vs Willis Schonover—Forcible Entry and Detainer.

OYER AND TERMINER.

Com vs Neal Barrett & O Cleminline—Robery.

BRADFORD'S BUSINESS.

OIL OPERATIONS DURING NOVEMBER.

From the Derrick Special Reporter.

Though the roads were almost impassible in the Northern field during the entire month, and the progress of oil operations was slow, enough was done to place the field in advance of all others, so far as the volume of fresh operations is concerned. On the last day of November 218 wells were drilling and 154 rigs up and building. About the same number of wells were completed as in the Clarion field, with the usual average, Eight wells came in dry. They were the results of vain attempts to extend the prolific vein. As soon as the roads are hardened by the winter's cold a still larger increase in the number of drilling wells and rigs up and building may be expected. The prices charged by teamsters is simply enormous, though not more than the work of transportation is worth. There is much difference of opinion among operators in regard to the limits of the field and concerning its prospective enlargement. Considerable wildcatting is being done, and the venturers putting down these wells evidently believe in an extension. The gentlemen in charge of the pipe lines report a daily production of about six thousand barrels. The authorized tank gauger of the United Lines, Mr. R. M. Sayer, states that charts have been made for over nine hundred wells and that nearly a hundred remain to be gauged on the first of December. These figures would show that there are about a thousand wells, old and new, in the district, with an average production of about six barrels. Half of the dry holes were found in the vicinity of Indian Creek.

The new wells usually average about fifteen or thirteen barrels on the last day of the month, though data given by men young in the business of producing, would bring them up considerably higher. The largest wells in the region are found in the neighborhood of State Line, in the Tuna Valley. The Eureka, No. 2, in this quarter, has been producing over a hundred barrels for a number of weeks.

The money made in the northern field thus far has been made through speculation rather than in operating. A large area remains to be perforated, and during the coming year the production undoubtedly will largely increase in the northern field. Since the petroleum wave turned to the north some life has been infused in the towns of the Tuna Valley, and villages have sprung up in its tributaries. When the one-legged and narrow gauge railroads are completed the facilities for transportation of freights and travel will be increased and an inspection of the belt will be an easy matter.

KNAPP'S CREEK NEWS.

THE GREAT SCARE ON KNAPP'S CREEK HAS FINALLY EXPLODED.

From our Regular Reporter.

Some of the prominent men in the Bradford Oil District having combined to condemn the territory in the Knapp's Creek District, have succeeded in buying up all the land they could get hold of at any price: even in one instance buying and paying $6,000 for a lease on the R. R. branch.

Duke Center and Central City are becoming the great centres of trade, and lots are being sold nearly every day. L. A. Bunker, of the latter place, has sold during the past week four lots to Mr. Harry Lord, of Oswayo, and one acre near the corner opposite the Topeka S. H. for a store, law office, &c., for $725. Mr. Bunker has also purchased an acre of land up the Kansas branch one mile for $100 of Mr. Add. Loop.

F. D. Chandler is progressing with his store in Central City as rapidly as can be expected.

The hotel at Duke Center is being pushed to completion as fast as possible, with seven men at work siding it. The proprietors are laying pipe to supply the barn and every apartment in the house with pure spring water.

Mr. John Duke has for sale 18 lots of ¼ an acre each, on the south side of the road, at $100 each, and 36 lots on the north side of the road 25x100 and 33x100 at $75 and $100 each. Mr. Duke has also rig up and all ready for the machinery.

A man by the name of Scott, while at work pumping at the Smith well was knocked senseless about a week since by the falling of a hook from the top of the derrick. He has since died.

A man by the name of Fox, while chopping and scoring timber came near bleeding to death a day or two ago from a wound received by an axe slipping from the hands of a fellow workman and striking him on the side of the head.

The steam saw-mill on the Gridley farm is progressing favorably. A gang of seven men are at work laying the foundation for the boiler, which is an 80 horse power and weighs four tons. The timbers for the mill are cut, and it is intended to be ready to start business next week.

OIL NOTES.

Potts & Murphy No. 1, Elmer Morse tract, down 600 feet and fishing for tools.

Bradford Oil Co. No. 1, down some 600 feet, through first sand and in salt water.

The Greenman well, some 10 days in operation, down some 200 feet, having driven 33 feet of drive pipe, at $2 per foot. Mr. Greenman also has a derrick up on the same tract, and another derrick up on a lot adjoining of 5 acres, all ready to commence drilling. These wells are near the White well, on the north side of Railroad branch.

The White well is doing nothing now, but they are preparing to clean it out, and it is said to be all right.

Frink & Schermerhorn, on the Sanderson farm, down 900 feet, and probably will strike sand Saturday.

Chambers well, near the Frink, down nearly 600 feet.

Redore well, half a mile above, rig up and ready for the drill.

The Oak Shed Co., Vanvleck & Gray, all ready, but waiting for steam pipe.

The Sanders well, on the Robt. Barton lot, one-half mile above the Chambers well, down some 40 or 50 feet.

Vanvleck No. 1, on Borden tract, down 800 feet.

The Nobles well, on the North Middle Branch, finished drilling Monday morning, and flowed some 30 barrels the first hour. It bids fair to be a 25 or 40 barrel well.

Grierson & Co., on the S. Baldwin farm is down 1100 feet with good indications.

The Dan. Burger well, on South branch, down some 900 feet.

Mr. Reed says his well is all right, or will be when he is ready to work it.

The Gridley well is said to be all right, and will soon open up, as it has passed into the hands of a new owner.

The Simcox & Fisher well is still a mystery. The company claim they are down 1500 feet and did not find oil in paying quantities, and consequently have abandoned it and ordered the removal of the casing, machinery, tools, and derrick to Kendall Creek. But there are various opinions in regard to it on account of conflicting reports of remarks by Mr. Simcox and others claiming to know all about the well, its depth, &c. A credible witness says that Mr. S. was heard on leaving his men to charge them to plug the hole tight, as he might want to use it in the spring. Littlefield says he plugged it up solid. An eye witness states that after they had torpedoed the well there was a copious discharge of mud, oil and water, which went over the top of the derrick; and that more than half the sand pumpings was the pure green oil. It is claimed by "prominent" practical oil men that the show was "good"; that there is no doubt if the well had been properly tubed and pumped it would be a fair paying well; and that the capacity of the well could not be determined without thorough pumping.

DELTA.

P. S.—Please correct last week's letter as follows: The tank shop at Duke Center is owned by the firm of Joseph Duke & Bryden. Duke's mill is sawing 10 m. logs per day. D.

—"The President's Southern policy!" sneered Calhoun Clay Blobswatter. "I wouldn't give a snap for it. D'you know how the South can be made happy and content? I'll tell you. Let the President send a 'Domestic' Sewing Machine to every family south of the old Mason & Dixon line. That'll fix 'em. I tried it on my wife. She used to have the ossadest temper in America, and now, since she has her 'Domestic,' she's just as amiable as can be, and her influence has had a wonderful effect on me. What'll you take?"

—H. L. Taylor & Co. have a well 1,800 feet deep, on what is known as Marshburg Hill, about five miles southwest from the head of Sheppard Run. It is thought that this wild cat well will have to be drilled 2,000 feet before the third sand rock will be reached. It will then be the deepest well in this district.

MARRIED.

HARRIS—UPTHEGROVE.—At Fishes, Pa., Dec. 3, 1877, by Rev. N. Hait, Mr. GEO. W. HARRIS, of Keating Township, and Miss MARY M. UPTHEGROVE, of Annin township, McKean County, Pa.

SAWYER—BOND.—At the residence of the bride's father, James A. Bond, Nov. 16, 1877, by Rev. H. O. Miller, Mr. H. F. SAWYER and Miss LAURA BOND, all of Keating township, McKean County, Pa.

For The Miner

DIED, in Keating, Dec. 1, 1877, of typhoid fever after an illness of three weeks, ADDIE BELL, only daughter of Hiram and Hannah Stickles. She was not confined to her bed until about ten days before her death. During her mother's last illness she was a faithful attendant to her wants, whom she has now joined at the call of the grim monster, death, leaving an afflicted father, two children, and a large circle of friends to mourn her loss. Addie was converted last spring and was baptized in July and united with the Seventh Day Advent Church. Our little family is nearly broken up. A mother, a wife, an only daughter and an only sister have gone to the grave. We cherish the hope that the day is near when all they that are in the grave will hear the voice of the Son of God and will come forth to immortality and eternal life.

H. S. S.

Notice.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the late Hon. A. N. Taylor, are hereby notified that said accounts are now in the hands of John C. Backus, who is Attorney for the Executors of the Estate of said Taylor, who will together with one or more of the said Executors make it a point to be at the office of said Backus, in the borough of Smethport, on Wednesday and Thursday of each week, after next for the purpose of settling said accounts. All persons having unsettled accounts as above stated will please be prompt in answering the notice, and thereby save themselves costs.

A. E. TAYLOR,
D. C. YOUNG,
F. N. TAYLOR,
Executors.

Smethport, Pa., Nov. 19, 1877.-tf

The Fact

Is so well established that the Samaritan's Gift is a positive cure, doing away with Balsam Copabia and disgusting drugs, and other dangerous medicines, that the public have entire confidence in it. The vexations attending a case when the quack is visited are known to many as the following will explain:

DESMOND & Co., 915 Race street, Philadelphia:—I appeal to you, and if there is any earthly relief for me I wish you would do something for me. About eight months ago I got into trouble, I took capsule, went to doctors, and it has cost me one hundred dollars—first for this medicine, and then for that—without any benefit. A few days ago a friend told me of the Samaritan's Gift; he said it would certainly cure me. This is why I address you for advice.

Samaritan's Gift does away with all such trouble and expense. A package which costs only $2 will effect a cure in from two to four days without any trouble, than merely following plain directions. A word to old cases: Stop doctoring for three days then use a package of Gift, and our word for it in a few days you will wonder why you did not get that medicine first. 50-1y

Stockholder's Meeting.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of THE MCKEAN AND BUFFALO RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at their office in Smethport, January 14, 1878, at one o'clock p. m. at which time and place the election of directors for the ensuing year will take place.

G. MACFARLANE,
Secretary.

Smethport Dec. 11, 1877.

Executor's Notice.

WHEREAS Letters Testamentary on the estate of Captain Scott, deceased, late of Smethport borough, have been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to the said estate must make immediate payment and all persons having claims against said estate must present them duly authenticated for settlement.

P. FORD, Executor.

Smethport, Pa. Dec. 13, 1877.-6w

KANSAS

All about its Soil, Climate, Resources, Products, Laws, and its People are given in the KANSAS FARMER, a 32-page Weekly, in its 16th year. Post paid, 4 mos., 25c.

Address J. K. HUDSON, Topeka, Kansas.

Has quickly taken a high place among agricultural journals.—*N. Y. Tribune*. We have considered it among the best of our exchanges, and a worthy representative of the West.—*Practical Farmer, Phila.* Our Kansas friends should feel much pride in the high character and sterling worth of their State agricultural paper.—*National Live Stock Journal*. We cheerfully credit it with being one of the best edited of our Western agricultural exchanges.—*Spirit of the Times, N. Y.*

C. V. CILLIS,
dealer in
DRUGS & MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS,
FANCY GOODS, &C.
KANE, PA.

DAVID STERRETT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office over Haskill & Gifford's store,
SMETHPORT, PA.

Eugene Mullin,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
MAIN ST., BRADFORD, PA.
Will attend to all calls in his profession.

E. C. BROWN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Smethport, Pa.
OFFICE AND ROOMS OVER THE POST OFFICE.
Where he can be found at any time day or night, except when attending professional calls.

BINGHAM ESTATE.

ROBT. H. ROSE

is authorized to receive moneys for me; also applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of this locality, in McKean County. His office is over

HASKILL & GIFFORD'S STORE.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

Wellsboro, Dec. 24, 1873. tf

MRS. J. B. SHOEMAKER,
TEACHER OF
Instrumental & Vocal Music
in all its branches, including THOROUGH BASS
Having an experience of many years as a musical instructor she feels safe in assuring entire satisfaction.
TERMS—$10 per term of 24 lessons.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.

W. R. TAYLOR

Having opened a new Blacksmith Shop at the old stand formerly occupied by Chas. Keafer, solicits the patronage of his friends and the public.

Work done *as ordered*, and at *bottom prices*.

W. R. TAYLOR,

Smethport, Nov. 22, 1877.-1m

FRESH MILK

Delivered every Morning

THE undersigned having established a regular route for the supply of fresh milk to the people of Smethport and vicinity, solicits the patronage of the community.

GEO. W. KING.

WANTED.

Some easily learned person or Artist to manufacture Ink-FREE PATENT SILK CRAYONS PICTURES in this county, on Royalty. Painted from photographs or any picture, and is the finest Oil Painting Made. Before the territory is taken I will paint pictures 8x10 for $10,00 and warrant them for life. Every person should have one, as the Paintings on Canvas are the only pictures that will stand the test of time, and can be handed down to posterity. Particulars Free.

L. T. LUTHER, Corry, Pa.

14-52-y 1

AT

J. P. WENDEL'S

LEADING

GROCERY & PROVISION

Of McKean County **HOUSE** of McKean County

No. 82, Main Street, SMETHPORT, PA No. 82,

Can be found the best and most complete assortment of

Groceries and Provisions,

and all other Goods usually kept in a first-class GROCERY HOUSE.

Flour, Sugars, Teas, Coffees, Spices, Syrups, Molasses, Pork, Salt, Lard, Smoked Meats of all kinds.

FRESH OYSTERS A SPECIALTY.

FRESH and DRIED FRUITS of all kinds. CROCKERY and GLASSWARE by the Wholesale and Retail.

We also keep a full assortment of

AMERICAN AND FRENCH CANDIES,

and all other fancy articles, GLOVES and MITTENS. Fine TOBACCOS and CIGARS.

We defy competition in prices of all our stock.

FALL STOCK

JUST RECEIVED AT

W. D. GALLUP'S.

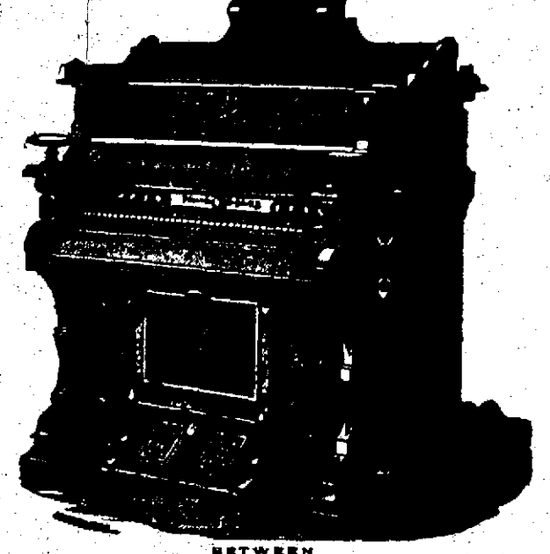
Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Millinery & Fancy Goods, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, GROCERIES, ETC.

STORE OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.

BUFFALO, N. Y.

CELEBRATED ORGANS



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37,000 AND 38,000

NOW IN USE.

The oldest, largest and most perfect Manufactory of Organs in the United States. No other musical instrument ever obtained the same popularity. Have been tested for OVER 30 YEARS in Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia, and North and South America. Testimonials in proof of this statement can be found in our Catalogues, which will be mailed FREE to any address.

Our success has brought into existence hundreds of imitators (mostly Stock Companies) whose want of experience is evident to those who are capable of judging. SEE AND HEAR OUR ORGANS BEFORE PURCHASING ANY OTHER, and you will thus avoid the annoyance of being encumbered with an instrument which you will find (when too late) is a source of vexation and regret.

☞ All our instruments are WARRANTED for five years.

GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

JURY LISTS.

GRAND JURORS.

LIST of Grand Jurors drawn for December Term, 1877.

Annin—Charles Taylor, Jerome Hodges.
Bradford Tp—A. A. Foster, David DeGolier, J. M DeGolier.
Corydon—Henry Chevalier, Simmons Foot, Barton Hollis.
Eldred—Amos Fisher, D. J. Keyes.
Hamlin—E. E. Childs.
Liberty—C. H. Cole, Aaron Goodwin, A. M. Holden, B. J. Jackson, Wm. Dickeson.
Lafayette—Benjamin Marsh.
Norwich—A. P. Brewer.
Otto—A. T. Vaughn, Arthur Prentiss.
Smethport Boro—Wm. Ramer.
Sergeant—Joseph Hafner.
Wetmore—John Grady, Geo. Nicholson.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

LIST of Traverse Jurors drawn for December Term, 1877.

Annin—O. P. Crandall, C. D. Roberts.
Bradford Tp—J. R. Blair, A. W. Corwin, D. C. Emery, Thomas Tait, M. W. Wagner.
Bradford Boro—F. W. Davis.
Corydon—Seth Cooper, F. W. Leonard, Henry Holmes.
Eldred—A T Bayles, Jas Doyle, Jas. Fraley, Henderson Kaufman, E. H. Lamphere, S. H. Smith, Joseph Stull.
Hamlin—Wm Fields, H. W. Burlingame.
Hamilton—E. R. Joyce.
Keating—D. D. Deans, J. H. Hackett, H. R. Mors, C. J. Rice, C. C. Wright.
Lafayette—A. Anderson, T. C. Newton, James Palmer.
Liberty—James Crozier, T. R. Day, Converse Grover, Cowa Gould, G. L. Heath, J. D. Otto, G. A. Richmond, Wm. Simar.
Norwich—Henry Gallup.
Otto—W. F. Sprague.
Smethport—J. G. Eaton, Gilbert Lyman.
Sergeant—Peter Martin, W. T. Totten, J. R. Townsend.
Wetmore—David Curtis, O. D. Coleman, C. C. Nicholson, Enos Knapp.

J. A. ANDERSON,
J. L. B. WHITE,
Jury Comm'rs.

C. V. KING, Sheriff.

TAKE NOTICE.

THAT the account of Roon Mead, one of the Assignees of Elijah P. Johnson, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of McKean county in the state of Pennsylvania, by leave of the Court, and the same will be allowed by the said Court on the third Monday of December next, unless sufficient cause be then shown, why the said account should not be allowed.

C. K. SARTWELL, Pro'th'y.

Prothonotary's Office, Smethport, Oct. 30, 1877. 1-4p

LIFE, FIRE AND ACCIDENTAL INSURANCE.

Life Insurance At Cost.

THE U. B. MUTUAL AID SOCIETY OF PENNSYLVANIA

Presents the Cheapest and safest system of Life Insurance ever offered to the people.

Assessment Basis	$20,000,000 00

M. A. SPRAGUE,

—DEALER IN—

Hardware,

SMETHPORT, PA.

THE FOLLOWING LIST COMPRISES SOME OF THE MANY ARTICLES CONSTANTLY ON HAND:

Adzes,
Axes,
Augers,
Auger Bits,
Awls,
Axle Clips,
Axle Grease,
Apple Parers,
Barndoor Hinges,
Barndoor Rails,
Barndoor Rollers,
Base Knobs,
Bath Brick,
Bed Cords,
Bell Cords,
Beef Pounders,
Bells,
Bench Hooks,
Bench Screws,
Bevels,
Bits,
Blacking,
Blind Butts,
Blind Staples,
Bolts of all kinds,
Bootjacks,
Borax,
Boring Machines,
Brushes,
Buckets,
Bull Rings,
Butts of all kinds,
Candlesticks,
Cake Turners,
Calipers,
Caps, Percussion,
Carpet Stretchers,
Cartridges,
Castors,
Catches,
Cattle Leaders,
Chains of all kinds,
Chalk Lines,
Chalk,
Crayons,
Chisels of all kinds,
Clamps,
Cleavers,
Clothes Lines,
Clothes Wringers,
Coal Hods,
Coffee Mills,
Corn Cutters,
Corn Poppers,
Crowbars,
Currycombs,
Curtain Pins,
Cutlery,
Dippers,
Dividers,
Dog Collars,
Draw Shaves,
Egg Beaters,
Expansive Bits,
Faucets,
Felloe Plates,
Files,
Fluting Machines,
Forks of all kinds,
Freezers,
Fry Pans,
Gate Hinges,
Gauges,
Gimlets,
Glazier's Point,
Glue,
Glue Pots,
Grain Sickles,
Gridirons,
Gunpowder,
Grindstones,
Gun Nipples,
Hammers,
Hand Vises,
Handles of all kinds,
Hasps and Staples,
Hatchets,
Hay Knives,
Hinges of all kinds,
Hoes,
Hooks of all kinds,
Horse Pokes,
Horse Rakes,
Horse Hoes,
Iron of all kinds—Sad, Pinking, Waffle and Tuyere,
Kettles,
Keys,
Knives,
Lamps,
Lanterns,
Levels,
Locks,
Mallets,
Match Safes,
Measuring Tapes,
Meat Cutters,
Molasses Gates,
Mop Sticks,
Mouse Traps,
Mowing Machines,
Nails,
Oils,
Oilers,
Oil Stones,
Picks,
Picture Nails,
Planes,
Pulleys,
Pumps,
Plows,
Rakes,
Razors,
Rivets,
Ropes,
Rules,
Safety Fuse,
Sandpaper,
Saucepans,
Saws of all kinds,
Scissors,
Scoops — Coal and Grain,
Screwdrivers,
Screws,
Scythes,
Sheep Shears,
Shot,
Shovels,
Sieves,
Spades,
Spoons,
Squares,
Stoves,
Tacks,
Tea Kettles,
Tobacco Boxes,
Toe Calks,
Tongs,
Trowels,
Tinware of all kinds,
Vises,
Varnish,
Wad Cutters,
Washers,
Whiffletree Hooks,
White Lead,
Wrenches, Monkey,
Wheelbarrows, etc.

Also Agent for the Reliable Grover & Baker S. M. Co.

Call and See Late Improvements, etc., on this machine.

AT

A. B. ARMSTRONG'S

LEADING

DRUG STORE OF THE COUNTY,

No. 1 Union Block, Smethport, Penna.,

CAN BE FOUND THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs and Medicines,

AND ALL OTHER ARTICLES USUALLY KEPT IN A FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE.

Drugs, Chemicals,

Patent Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS AND DYE STUFFS,

Soaps, Sponges, Brushes, Combs, Perfumeries, Pomades, Oils

AND TOILET ARTICLES OF EVERY VARIETY

WE ALSO KEEP A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED ASSORTMENT OF

AMERICAN AND FRENCH CANDIES,

Stationery, Envelopes, Etc.

ALL SCHOOL BOOKS AT BOTTOM PRICES!

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PURE WINES and LIQUORS, Etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

J. DIGEL'S MARBLE FACTORY,

ALL KINDS OF

Monumental, Marble and Stone Work Done to Order.

TWO IMPORTANT INVENTIONS

OF INTEREST TO EVERY ONE.

1st. **A PIANO OR PARLOR ORGAN CHAIR,** with an adjustable back,—made to support the back of the sitter while leaning forward in the ordinary position for playing, and by a simple arrangement, which gives it a backward and at the same time a downward movement, follows his motions and supports him in any position without interfering in the least with the freedom of his movements.

2d. **A PLATFORM ROCKER ON CASTORS,** with the long easy movement of the old style, without the projecting rockers to mar other furniture and the bores of rooms; being, in fact, the only Platform Rocker made that has a perfectly satisfactory movement.

Manufactured for the trade by

ALBERT BEST & CO.,

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☞ If not kept by any dealer in your town, send to us for Price List and Catalogue.

THE McKEAN COUNTY MINER

Is the only paper published at the county seat, the oldest, leading, and best paper in the county, one of the Pioneer Journals of Northern Pennsylvania. It is the Official paper of the county and the Republican [illegible] and steadily increasing, and as an Advertising Medium it hasm

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Eastern and Middle States.

David Stillman, a farmer eighty years old, and his wife, aged about seventy, were found murdered in his house at Sheffield, Mass. Mr. Stillman was found on a lounge, with his head crushed, while his wife was discovered at the foot of the cellar stairs with her head cut open. An ax was lying near by and everything was bespattered with blood. The murderer, after committing his bloody deed, had attempted to burn the dwelling by starting a fire in the attic with kerosene, but the woodwork was charred only. John Ten Eyck, a colored man, was arrested for the murder, several suspicious circumstances leading to the belief that he had committed the crime, the object of which was robbery.

Peter B. Sweeny, a prominent member of the Tweed ring, transferred real estate in New York to a widow named Bradley. The property thus made over is valued at a million dollars, and considerable conjecture is aroused as to the motive of the transfer.

Six men were found guilty of participating in the railroad riots of last July in Pittsburgh, and received sentences varying in extent from six months in the workhouse to one year and ten months in the penitentiary. They were also fined from $500 to $5,000.

A congress will be held by the Workingmen's party soon in Newark, N. J.

E. E. Cabot died in Springfield, Mass., from the effects of a cat bite received last September.

The receiver of the Clairmont Savings Bank of New York has made a report, in which he declares that the president and other officers of the institution have been guilty of such acts as make them liable to civil and criminal prosecution.

A co-operative factory is to be opened by the cigarmakers on strike in New York.

At Reading, Pa., E. P. Boas, late cashier of the suspended Reading Savings Bank, was arrested on the charge of misappropriating the bank's funds.

The dead body of Francis Copcutt, a wealthy New York business man, was found in bed at his apartments on Fifth avenue, with the face lying in a stew pan containing soids and chloroform. It is supposed he was suffocated while inhaling the chemical vapors with the intention of obtaining relief from the pain of a nasal cancer.

Over three hundred liquor dealers in New York were arrested in one night because they could not produce a license to sell.

Ex-Congressman John H. Burleigh was killed at South Berwick, Me., by his horse falling from a bridge.

Two blocks in the business center of Millerstown, Pa., were destroyed by fire, and a large amount of property was burned.

Western and Southern States.

The eight and five-year-old children of Eliza Nurse (colored), were burned to death at Sedalia, Mo., during the mother's absence.

The bodies of Capt. Ryan, commander of the wrecked man-of-war Huron, and other officers have been recovered.

The destruction to property by the floods in Hardy county, W. Va., will reach $400,000. Farms have been swept completely away and hundreds of farmers are ruined

Lyman Blackman, a farmer, living in the vicinity of Beaminghaw, Mich., deeded his farm to his son Henry two years ago, with the stipulation that the latter should support his parents and sister. Having failed in the agreement his father went to Pontiac for the purpose of taking the necessary steps to have the deed revoked; and during his absence the son quarreled with his mother and sister, and ended by shooting them both dead. Then he fired the house and barn. He was caught and lodged in the Pontiac jail.

A painter named Benjamin Godfrey, aged eighteen years, shot and instantly killed Miss Nellie E. Winninger, aged seventeen, at Norfolk, Va. The two were engaged to be married, and a quarrel taking place between them, the young lady refused to allow her lover to escort her home from church. He then went to a saloon, got drunk, procured a revolver and going to Miss Winninger's residence asked for an interview. This being granted him he fired twice at the girl, killing her, and then mortally wounded himself.

The Indians in the Black Hills region completely surrounded the city of Deadwood, and a force of United States troops was sent to the relief of the people.

The German National Bank of Chicago has failed. The directors announce that they will be able to pay depositors in full.

An election in Georgia resulted in the adoption of the new State constitution and the selection of Atlanta as the permanent capital of the State.

Constable McElligott was serving a warrant upon Alvina McGee, in Chicago, when she seized a revolver and fired upon the officer, inflicting a mortal wound, which caused death in a few hours.

From Washington.

The Senate committee on commerce agreed to report unfavorably on the President's nomination of successors of the New York custom house officers.

The statement of the bureau of statistics in regard to the imports and exports during the month of October shows the following: Exports, domestic, $39,242,925; exports, foreign, $1,539,039; total, $50,881,965. Imports, $17,388,690.

During the month of November, 1877, the following payments were made from the treasury by warrants: On account of civil and miscellaneous, $3,715,787.85; war, $7,333,239.27; navy, $1,517,720.79; interior (Indian and pension), $3,054,174; total, $15,840,921.93.

In November the public debt was decreased $1,329,634.63; while the treasury contained the following balances: Currency, $6,916,395.49; special fund for redemption of fractional currency, $9,906,003; special deposit of legal tenders for redemption of certificates of deposit, $36,055,000; coin (including coin certificates, $31,391,400), $133,970,214.43; outstanding legal tenders, $351,340,288; amounts due military establishments, $4,500,000.

General Ord testified before the House committee on military affairs that the Mexican people along the Rio Grande were in full sympathy with the raiders into Texas.

The secretary of the navy has appointed a court of inquiry to investigate the causes of the disaster to the Huron.

The President has again sent in for confirmation the names of the new officers of the New York custom house, upon whose previous nominations the Senate had failed to act.

The following is a complete list of the chairmen of the Senate committees as reorganized: On finance, Mr. Morrill; on commerce, Mr. Conkling; on manufactures, Mr. Rollins; on military affairs, Mr. Spencer; on naval affairs, Mr. Sargent; on post-offices and post roads, Mr. Ferry; on Indian affairs, Mr. Allison; on pensions, Mr. Ingalls; on the District of Columbia, Mr. Dorsey; on patents, Mr. Booth; on Territories, Mr. Patterson; on railroads, Mr. Mitchell; on mines and mining, Mr. Sharon; on civil service and retrenchment, Mr. Taller; on rules, Mr. Blaine; on the levees of the Mississippi river, Mr. Bruce; on transportation routes to the seaboard, Mr Cameron, of Wisconsin; to examine the several branches of the civil service, Mr. Chaffee.

Foreign News.

John Williams, who murdered his wife last September, was hanged at Toronto, Canada.

Fifteen hundred French merchants have called on MacMahon to yield to the wishes of the majority, in view of the threatened ruin of trade, and 120 Republican deputies have resolved to vote no taxes until the president conforms to the will of the people.

A Constantinople dispatch says the Turks, under Suleiman Pasha, have taken the town of Elena, with eleven guns, twenty ammunition wagons and 300 prisoners. The Russian loss is estimated at 3,000.

A London dispatch says the steamer Mixpah, from Seville for Leith, collided with another vessel off Beachy Head. Both vessels sunk, and only one man is reported saved.

President MacMahon will form a new cabinet.

CONGRESS—EXTRA SESSION.

Senate.

The Paris exposition bill was passed with the committee's amendments, excepting the one increasing the appropriation from $150,000 to $175,000, which was left at the former sum as fixed by the House.

After a long and protracted debate, a vote was taken at 2 A. M. on the report of the majority of the committee in favor of admitting Kellogg. The vote resulted in yeas, 30; nays, 28. Messrs. Conover and Patterson voted with the Republicans and Mr. Davis with the Democrats. This vote seated Mr. Kellogg. Immediately thereafter a vote was taken upon the credentials of M. C. Butler, of South Carolina, which resulted in yeas, 29; nays, 28. Messrs. Conover and Patterson voted with the Democrats and Mr Davis did not vote. By this vote Mr. Butler gained his seat. Both Senators were at once sworn in.

Mr. Wadleigh, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, presented a resolution declaring James B. Eustis entitled to a seat in the Senate from Louisiana and that he be admitted to the same. Placed on the calendar. Mr. Ingalls said that as one of the committee he did not agree with the foregoing resolution, and that he and two other members of the committee would present a minority report.

The deficiency appropriation bill was then taken up and agreed to, with amendments, without discussion.

The House bill for the relief of the Huron sufferers was referred to the committee on naval affairs.

Mr. Edmunds submitted a concurrent resolution "that it is the judgment of the two Houses that the present session of Congress expires by operation of law at twelve o'clock m. this day," which was agreed to, and the Vice-President announced the special session adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The House concurred in the Senate resolution declaring it to be the judgment of the two Houses that the special session expired at twelve M.

Mr. Knapp moved to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution declaring that the President, by refusing the use of the army in support of the pretended governments in the States of South Carolina and Louisiana, and thereby according their people the right of local self-government in accordance with the constitution, has faithfully performed his duty in that behalf, and is justly entitled to the respect and confidence of the American people. The yeas and nays being ordered Mr. Conger moved that the House adjourn, whereupon Mr. Garfield said: "I hope we will not have any dilatory motions, but vote the resolution down;" and the yeas and nays being taken upon Mr. Conger's motion, the time was consumed until the hour fixed for final adjournment.

The speaker then announced the final adjournment of the special session.

Mr. Knott moved to suspend the rules and pass a bill appropriating to each of the surviving officers of the United States steamer Huron $1,000; to each of the surviving seamen $100, and to the widows and children of those who had been lost an allowance equal to a year's pay of their respective relatives. Mr. Knott said that the country should never forget the relatives of the gallant men who went down in the awful wreck of the Huron. Mr. Garfield suggested that the bill should also make a provision for the case of Capt. Guthrie and his crew, who were lost in endeavoring to save life from the wreck of the Huron. After the bill was so amended it was unanimously passed.

CONGRESSIONAL SUMMARY.

Senate.

At twelve o'clock the Senate was called to order and the Vice-President said the Senate was now in regular session under the requirements of the constitution.

The Vice-President presented the annual report of the secretary of war. Soon afterward the private secretary of the President delivered the annual message and it was immediately read by the secretary. Then the Vice-President laid before the Senate the reports of the secretary of the interior, secretary of the treasury, postmaster-general, attorney-general, etc.

A bill was introduced by Mr. Dorsey, to organize the territory of Tishmingo, and for other purposes.

Mr. Matthews introduced a resolution declaring that United States bonds may be paid in silver coin, and at his request it was ordered to be laid on the table.

The resolution of inquiry as to what legal impediments exist which prevent the President from executing the laws in regard to the Union Pacific railroad company was adopted.

House.

The speaker called the House to order, and the regular session of the forty-fifth Congress was opened with prayer by the chaplain, after which the roll was called and showed the presence of 221 members. The President's message was then received, read, and referred to the committee of the whole on the state of the Union.

Mr. Baker, of Indiana, presented a joint resolution, prohibiting the payment of any claims for damages growing out of the taking, use or destruction of property during the civil war.

The bill which strikes from the statute books the law prescribing the taking of the "consolidation oath" was passed.

Mr. Hartzell, of Illinois, presented a bill substituting greenbacks for the issue of the National Banking Association.

Mr. Dibrell, of Tennessee, presented a bill providing for a tax of three per cent. on all amounts of income over $2,000.

Mr. Townshend, of Illinois, from the committee on patents, reported a bill to repeal existing statutes for the renewal of patents, and declaring it unlawful hereafter for the commissioner of patents to renew or extend any patent for any design whatever. He said that the object of the bill was to take away from the statute book a law which was dead and inoperative, the commissioner of patents not having now the right to make renewals. After some discussion the bill was passed.

Mr. Harrison, of Illinois, introduced a bill that proposes to levy upon the incomes of all United States citizens which may be over $1,000 and under $2,000 annually, a tax of one per cent.; over $2,000 and under $3,000, one and a quarter per cent.; and a graduating scale up to and including $23,000; over $23,000 and under $35,000, a tax of three per cent.; over $35,000 and under $50,000, four per cent. and five per cent. on all incomes in excess of $50,000. Referred to the ways and means committee.

Two resolutions were offered making inquiries in regard to the Cuban insurrection, but were objected to.

Mr. Harris, of Virginia, chairman of the election committee, submitted the majority report in the Colorado contested election case declaring T. N. Patterson (Democrat) elected. Mr. Wait, of Connecticut, submitted a minority report declaring J. B. Belford (Republican) elected; and Mr. Cox, of Ohio, presented a third report declaring that no election in Colorado had taken place.

A Reunion after Many Years.

The *State*, of Richmond, Va, has the following pathetic little story: Many years ago a young gentleman of this city, of good character and honorable connections, had the misfortune to fall out with his wife—a beautiful girl of only eighteen summers. He speedily arranged his business affairs, and without formality took an abrupt leave of his wife and sweet little babe. He traveled far and lingered long in many strange lands, without communicating intelligence of his whereabouts, and without knowing, or caring to know, the fate of his dear ones at home. In the meantime the little one had passed away, and the wife broken-hearted and disconsolate, kept the faith she had pledged at the altar. Many years had elapsed since her truant husband had left her, and in all that time it was her habit to visit the little grave of her dead infant, with the same deep mourning dress she had donned the day of its burial. Late in the dusk of the evening, or, later still, in the silver sheen of the rising moon, when no observant eye was there to molest her devotion, she might have been seen bending in deepest grief over the grave of her precious little one.

A few evenings ago, it so chanced that fate brought her husband back to this city, who, immediately upon his arrival, sought out the little grave, where, by the dim twilight, he encountered a strenge figure in black, in the attitude we have described above. A heavy veil hid the face, but his was open and clear and seemingly unaltered. The discovery of either's identity was but a moment's time—a groan—a shriek—and husband and wife firmly clasp in loving embrace.

We give no names. The affair is sacredly and profoundly confidential. The lines of Tennyson recur to us this moment, and with them we close:

As through the land at eve we went
And plucked the ripened ear,
We fell out, my wife and I;
We fell out, I know not why,
And kissed again with tears.

For when we came where lies the child
We lost in other years,
There above the little grave—
O, there above the little grave,
We kissed again with tears.

Lively Times in a Sleeping Car.

A sensational sleeping-car incident occurred near New Orleans a few days ago. A man named Lee became frantically jealous because his wife innocently asked the conductor of the car for a glass of water, struck her in the face, threatened to shoot her and then started after the unlucky conductor, who had gone into a forward car, with the avowed intention of killing him at sight. As soon as he got outside the door he turned and fired three shots through the window down the aisle, one bullet passing through a woman's dress, but harming no one. Before he could overtake the sleeping-car conductor he was intercepted by the train conductor, who, with the assistance of a passenger, overpowered the infuriated blood-hunter and turned him over to the police on reaching the city.

Words of Wisdom.

Good finds good.

Little wealth little care.

The offender never pardons.

The shortest answer is doing.

He is rich that wants nothing.

Praise the sea but keep on land.

Bear with all evil and expect good.

Sometimes the best gain is to lose.

A gift much expected, is paid not given.

He that hath love in his heart hath spurs in his sides.

Send a wise man on an errand and say nothing unto him.

Life becomes useless and insipid when we have no longer friends or enemies.

Men usually follow their wishes until suffering compels them to follow their judgment.

Dignity is expensive, and without other good qualities it is not particularly profitable.

The sleep of memory is not its death; forgotten studies are certain spitndes gone to sleep.

The intellect of a truly wise man is like a glass—it admits the light of heaven and reflects it.

Be always at leisure to do good; never make business an excuse to decline offices of humanity.

Beatty's Celebrated Pianos and Organs.

We have been informed by good authority that the sales of the celebrated pianos and organs of Mr. Daniel F. Beatty, of Washington, N. J., for the last thirty days was by far the largest ever before made since he commenced business; he will no doubt double his already immense business during the holiday season, as Christmas and New Year's gifts. We don't wonder at his immense business, as he is offering great inducements during the holiday season. For instance, we see by his circular he is offering to sell a brand new $270 cabinet parlor organ for only $65; magnificent extra fine rosewood pianos, retail price $650, for only $175. He also sends them on half-month test trial, refunding money and pays freight charges both ways if in any way unsatisfactory. This certainly is a very fair offer Mr. Beatty is now making. We certainly advise our readers who may wish a first-class piano or organ for a holiday gift, to address him at Washington, N. J., at once, for his twenty-four page illustrated newspaper and his new confidential circular to the trade, giving full information all about the piano and organ war. Both sent free to any address.

An Alpine Avalanche.

In the summer of 1864, a party of tourists, while visiting the Alps, climbed, with great difficulty, to an elevated and snow-covered plateau, in order to obtain a better view of Swiss scenery, and contrast the beauty and richness of midsummer below with the bleakness and sterility of midwinter around and above them. In play they rolled the moist snow into large balls; they crowded it over the edge of the plateau. In falling it struck softer snow, which immediately gave way, and soon an avalanche was tearing down the mountain side, burying and destroying every thing in its course. As the handful of snow became the irresistible avalanche, so the hacking cough with sore throat and catarrh, if neglected, speedily develops into that dread destroyer, consumption. In the early stages, Dr. Sage's *Catarrh* Remedy will effect a cure, though if the blood be affected or impoverished it must be purified and enriched by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and the liver and bowels kept active by his Pleasant Purgative Pellets. Many who despaired of life and had been given up to die by physicians and friends, owe their restoration to the above remedies.

ELY, Linn Co., Iowa, May 8th, 1877.

Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I was prostrated some three years since with pluro pneumonia, which left me with a troublesome cough, that gradually grew worse until physicians gave me up to die with consumption. I tried several remedies that are advertised to cure consumption; but without obtaining any relief or benefit. Seeing your Golden Medical Discovery and Pleasant Purgative Pellets advertised, I concluded to try them, and I found them to be all that you claim for them. My restoration has remained complete for over two years. Inclosed find $1.50 for a copy of your Common Sense Medical Adviser. Ever gratefully yours,

JASON C. BARTHOLOMEW.

From a Well-Known Writer.

From Mrs. Mary Francis, well-known as "Margaret Blount."

Brightbank, Woodstock, Vt., Oct. 5, 1876.

Seth W. Fowle & Sons:

Gentlemen—Two years ago I began to take the Peruvian Syrup. I was in a languid, half-alive state, through incipient dyspepsia and defective circulation of the blood. Three bottles of the Peruvian Syrup changed this to glowing, bounding health. I have a fine appetite, sleep soundly, and can walk five miles easily, without resting, or busy myself out of doors all day long without fatigue.

A lady cousin, who resides with me, took the Syrup during her recovery from a serious illness of some weeks. She has been an invalid for years. Five bottles of the Syrup have so built up her system that she now eats quite heartily always well, and can walk three miles (in fine weather) without fatigue. I consider the medicine so invaluable to persons of sedentary pursuits, or to those who suffer from languor or low spirits, that I relate this personal experience of its effects to you, leaving you to make what use you please of my letter.

Yours very respectfully,

MARY FRANCIS.

Sold by dealers generally.

Mrs. General Sherman,

wife of the general of the United States army, says: "I have frequently purchased Durang's Rheumatic Remedy for friends suffering with rheumatism, and in every instance it worked like magic." Send for circular to Helphenstine & Bentley, druggists, Washington, D. C.

A Remedy that Defies Competition.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters defy competition. Of the host of rival tonics that have cropped up during its long career, not one has gained and retained such a large share of public favor, though many have enjoyed an ephemeral popularity. The reason is this, that whereas many of these medicines were advertised to perform cures of the most startling nature, they have, when tested, almost invariably turned out to be of little or no value, while the great invigorant, whose reputation they were intended to rival, has never disappointed those who have placed their confidence in it. It has vindicated in the amplest manner its claims to be considered a positive specific remedy for liver complaint, dyspepsia, malarious fevers, debility, constipation, and numerous other maladies arising from general weakness, and disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels.

CHEW
The Celebrated
"MATCHLESS"
Wood Tag Plug
TOBACCO.
THE PIONEER TOBACCO COMPANY,
New York, Boston, and Chicago.

To Housekeepers.

The attention of heads of families is respectfully invited to the superior quality of Burnett's Flavoring Extracts. They are entirely free from the poisonous oils and acids which enter into the composition of many of the factitious fruit flavors now in the market. They are highly concentrated, have all the freshness and delicacy of the fruits from which they are prepared, and are less expensive.

The Celebrated Vienna Rolls.

Among the numerous articles Dooley's Yeast Powder is used for, are the celebrated Vienna rolls, which are so delicious, palatable and healthy. If you have not the recipe send three-cent stamp to Dooley & Brother, New York, and you will get it, together with many other valuable cooking recipes, by return mail.

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